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June 10, 1916

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The Fable of a Certain King Who Sought a New Pleasure

NOW, in a great country there lived a certain King who ruled over vast possessions.

He had one daughter, a beautiful princess.

And behold, though the King possessed everything that money could buy—houses and lands and cattle and automobiles, and servants,—he was weary of life. For he said, There is no pleasure in it.

And he wrote a proclamation, and caused it to be published in his dominions, that whoever would invent a new pleasure for his amusement should receive the hand of his daughter in marriage.

Thereupon appeared a young man who bowed low and said: "O King, live forever. I have invented a new pleasure; but to enjoy it you must do precisely as I say."

Whereupon the King's heart was very glad. He smiled upon the young man and promised.

The next morning the young man was early at the palace, and had the King out of bed before daybreak, and the princess and all the little princes.

Together they journeyed a long way by foot and street-car into the country. They saw a wonderful sight in the sky, and the young man explained to the King that it was called a sunrise. They passed brooks, and the princes took off their shoes and stockings and waded in them. They wandered through cool woods and picked flowers.

Finally, at about the middle of the day, the King said: "I have a strange feeling under my belt which I have never felt before." And the young man answered and said: "That, your Majesty, is called hunger. You have never had it because you never got enough fresh air into your system before to create it."

And the little princes, too, began to cry out that they also had queer feelings under their belts.

Whereupon the young man produced a large basket covered with a white cloth, and opened it. And, behold, there were sandwiches, and fruits, and olives, and cold chicken, and coffee in a tin bucket, and cake, and divers other foods, all daintily packed.

And the King could not restrain his hand, but dove in and ate for half an hour or more; and then lay under the trees and looked up at the sky and smoked.

And the princes raced about the woods and played Indian, and no one watched over them nor bade them nay; for there was nothing they could possibly harm.

And toward nightfall they journeyed back to the palace; and the little princes, who had always to be pampered and read to at night to get them to sleep, fell asleep on their beds with their clothes on. And the King, having had a bath and a rub-down, settled back on the royal piazza with a 50-cent cigar in his mouth, and smiled for the first time in months, and called for the young man.

And the young man appeared and said: "Your Majesty, it was some day, was it not?" And the King admitted it was.

"Thou hast made good," saith the King, "and my daughter, the beautiful princess, is inside at the piano. But, first, give me the bill for this wonderful new pleasure; for I will pay for it."

And the young man handed him a bill for one dollar and twenty-three cents.

Whereupon the King was exceeding wroth, and cried out: "Dost think I am a cheap skate? Is a pleasure that costs only one dollar twenty-three fit for a King?"

And he called the Captain of the Guard and ordered that the young man should be shot at sunrise.

Moral: You and I had some peachy times, when we were kids, on those old picnics with sandwiches that the ants crawled over and coffee full of pine needles. But we wouldn't dare take our kids on a picnic—perish the thought. The neighbors would think we were cheap skates.

Pack up the dinner-coat, mother. We're off to Atlantic City with the year's savings.

Bruce Barton, Editor.

Legs by the Ton

By WALT MASON

IN '61, when civil strife was threatening the nation's life, his comrades saw J. Hanger fall, his leg all shattered by a ball. Then to the rear he carried was where army surgeons with their saws, and also with their smickersaws, implored him to look pleasant, please, and they removed the wounded limb, which meant much agony to him.

When he recovered from his wound, with thoughtful eyes he looked around. He realized that thousands more on those red fields of strife and gore, amid the din of war's alarms, would lose their legs, and also arms. "Good artificial limbs they'll need when they have ceased to fight and bleed, and I," he said, "will surely try to have for them a large supply."

Then for himself he made a limb, and found it was a boon to him. This happened fifty years ago; and he has seen his business grow until his limbs display their worth in all the countries of the earth. In Washington six stalwart sons assist him making time on tons of instruments which give life charms to those who've lost their legs or arms. In half a dozen towns branch shops are filling orders without stops, and now in London and Paree the sign of Hanger you may see.

He can relieve the black despair of countless hosts of soldiers there, and to that end his workmen toil by day and burn the midnight oil. The British government has made a contract with him, and his trade among the crippled men of France with every day sees an advance.

And thus, because a man was shot in '61, when war was hot, because a bullet broke a bone, a splendid industry has grown—an industry that gives to men, robbed of their limbs, new hope again.

If you have a cold in the head or somebody has given you a lead nickel, do not be downhearted. Every cloud has its—for instance, this gentleman, Joseph E. Hanger, lost a leg in the Civil War. That gave him an idea. "Other fellows have lost their legs besides me," he thought. And promptly went into the business of making new arms and legs for people who had lost or mislaid their own. The business has prospered, and Mr. Hanger, in spite of his meeting with the cannon-ball, is contented.

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You Know What I Mean

By GEORGE PATTULLO

Illustrations by Denman Fink

"Eunice was sun-burned and vigorous; her rival a lily in flesh and blood. Both loved a man with long eyelashes and a languid manner."

MY theme this morning, friends, is taken from the Book of Youth, and the text: Are women artful?

Are women artful? Are they, or are they not, craftier than the nimble fox?

Has the lisping, blue-eyed darling who prattles at play in the sand-pile, or pulls with innocent, infantile glee the tail of the neighbor's pup—has she latent resources of guile that surpass those of the furry denizens of the forest? Has she, in a word, got any two-legged adult who ever walked hobbled to the mast in subtlety? Has she or has she not? For the child is mother to the woman.

To put this query in yet another form: Would the cunning of a shiny-pated bachelor, aided howsoever by his stealthy sense of danger, avail him aught against the sweet wiles of a maiden who took it into her head that he had nice eyes? As in a dream he hears "Because" acceptably rendered by the soprano soloist of the First Baptist Church, and they are walking hand down the aisle between rows of grinning, weeping relatives. You know what I mean.

Our subject thus broached, let us approach its discussion in a spirit of humility, of seeking after truth. Let us consider a specific case.

THERE was a woman of Arizona named Eunice Wiggins, who lived hard by the city of Bisbee. Her father had lands and chattels in plenty, and his cattle grazed a hundred hills. In fact, Old Man Wiggins owned about everything in those parts that wasn't nailed down.

Eunice was nineteen, and only passing fair to look upon: which was a grievous thing, inasmuch as she was pitted against a soft daughter of Eve just returned from a girls' college in the North, who was of a great and wondrous beauty, and skilled in every art that can beguile the heart. Her name it was Lois, derived from the baptismal cognomen of Sally Jo, and she was daughter to Landis Grady, a Southern gentleman who had been too proud to work during twenty years, but contrived to get in on the ground floor of a copper mine and woke up one fine morning the possessor of a cool million. Having long been poor and necessarily respectable, Landis tried manfully to efface that memory.

Study these two carefully, friends. Weigh well their merits and motives—without levity, with favor to none. On the one hand, an untutored girl of direct, masculine processes of thought, brusque speech, and shy soul; on the other, a lovely creature whose power lay in her seeming weakness, who was feminine to her pink finger-tips. Eunice was sun-burned and vigorous, her rival a lily in flesh and blood. They were about equal in fortune.

WHAT a marvelous thing is the heart of a woman! Both of these ladies, friends, loved a tall, blond young man then inhabiting those regions, but a native of Maine. Both felt for this big dub, who was an engineer in the mines. He had long eyelashes and a languid, indifferent manner, and there was something about him that was sure death to girls between eighteen and twenty-two. After that most of them get to taking other things into their calculations: they speculate shyly on whether his business will hold up, or could he be broken to nice home habits? You know what I mean.

To pass on. We have the principals before us. I ask you, friends, to which would you unhesitatingly award the palm of victory? To Eunice Wiggins or Lois Grady? And you would be right. On the face of it, luckless Eunice never had the ghost of a chance.

But did this simple child of nature despair? Did she resign herself to tears and permit the other to carry off the prize? Nay, she did not; you little know women so to think. No sackcloth and ashes for Eunice—she girded up and got busy. She employed craft.

Which brings into our faithful narrative two chunky black mules, dubbed Musketeer and Teddy respectively. They were Eunice's absolute property, and the only individual I ever heard envy her possession was a half-breed cook, who once expressed an intense desire to own Musketeer, to the end that he might carve his heart out.

Old Man Wiggins bought the mules from a Scotch rancher near Douglas, and gave them to Eunice on her nineteenth birthday.

"You've been roarin' for something to drive," said the fond parent. "Now go to it. But if they break your neck, don't come bellerin' to me."

His daughter had them hitched to a buckboard, and started blithely out of the ranch down the valley. Luckily, it was forty miles long, for Musketeer and Teddy took a long breath and then ran away.

"It's a lovely day for a ride," remarked Miss Wiggins placidly, bracing herself.

The buckboard took the ford of the San Pedro in a smother of spray, and went careening toward Mexico. She let them run. It would have been impossible to stop the pair, and she wasted no strength in the effort, but contented herself with keeping them in the clear. There was a flush in her cheeks and her lips were pressed tightly together. Those were the only symptoms of excitement she showed.

When they had galloped about a thousand miles or so, Musketeer began to weary of the fun and slowed down. Of course Teddy did likewise.

"Is that so?" said Miss Wiggins sweetly. "I guess not. You started this."

And, leaning forward, she whanked them on the rump. Musketeer promptly lashed out with his heels, and she hit him again for good measure. The mules redoubled their efforts.

"Gee, it'll take me a week to get back home," murmured the lady.

Nevertheless, she kept them at it. The second the pace showed signs of flagging, Eunice stood up and heartened the mules with the butt of the whip.

VERY soon the affair lost its zest for Musketeer. By nature he was indolent and adverse to work, and running at somebody's behest was work of the hardest kind. A short dash by way of surprise, an overturned buggy and scared driver, were enjoyable; but this business of galloping along after you wanted to quit was something else. Repeatedly he tried to stop. Each time Eunice laid on with an arm that never tired.

Upon her failure to return to dinner, anxiety seized the entire outfit, with the exception of Old Man Wiggins.

"Shucks!" he observed, tranquilly blowing on his coffee. "That gal's all right. But I'd shore hate to be them mules."

The facts justified him. Musketeer and Teddy came stumbling back about sundown, all in and looking like the wrecks of a misspent life. Their black hides were gray with dust and dried lather; their nostrils flared red with the strain of breathing. Lolling in the seat was Miss Wiggins, with her feet cocked up, and she carolled a ditty that ran:

But it happened that he run ag'in' a bullet made of lead,
Which was harder than he bargained for, and now poor Bill is dead.
And when they brung his body home a tear'l of tears was shed.

"Well?" queried her father.

"They're a little bit rough and don't pull together like they'd ought," she reported. "But it wouldn't surprise me if they'd make a sweet team."

They could be ridden to the saddle also, if you knew how. Eunice could climb aboard either of them with impunity; but certain risks attached to Musketeer's hurricane-deck for strangers.

On a day I ventured to ask Eunice for a quiet mount.

"Just over to Naco to send a telegram, and right back."

"Best take Teddy," she said. "He's got an easy gait."

We went down to the corral, and I requested her to pick out the quadruped, so far as I was concerned, Musketeer and Teddy looked exactly alike. When a fellow sees two small black mules of the same size, equally calm, equally lazy, similarly tailed, eared, and hoofed, how the mischief can he be expected to distinguish?

"You don't know 'em apart?" asked Miss Wiggins softly. Oh, the pseudy of women!

"Uhuh. Mules are mules to me."

"Then I'll catch you one," she said, and I thanked her. I thanked her!

She led the one I was not going to use away from the corral, out of sight. Why, I could not conjecture. Immediately he began to bray fiendishly, and the brute I was engaged in saddling answered every note.

"Stand still!" I bawled furiously. "How the Sam Hill can I cinch this, with you reaching for high C?"

The force of my reasoning appealed to him. Then I led Teddy outside and mounted.

My plan was to go southeast. His was to go northwest, whither his team mate summoned. We debated the difference awhile, and I dusted my clothes and yelled to Eunice.

She reappeared with an expression of astonishment that would have completely fooled a man with a shred of faith in her.

"Oh, I'm so sorry," she exclaimed. "How did it happen?"

"I jumped off to look at the view over that alfalfa field," I answered with enthusiasm.

Meanwhile she was inspecting the mules attentively.

"Why," she cried, "we must have made a mistake. You got Musketeer instead of Teddy."

"It was no way to treat a friend," I answered with dignity.

"Did he hurt you much? But, of course, he's so tiny, he couldn't. Get your saddle and we'll put it on this one."

"I think I prefer to drive," I remarked gloomily. "Perhaps your father will let me go in the wagon with the cook."

She sniffed and retorted: "Well, it might be better."

'Twas a cowardly thrust; I knew what she meant, for she was gazing straight at my waist-line. And in that moment certain air-castles that I had been rearing for a month or longer dissolved in thin air.

"Don't get mad," pleaded Eunice. "But, honestly, you ought to take it off. Now shouldn't you?"

"How'm I to get to Naco?"

"I'll go with you. Does that suit you? You ride Teddy and I'll take Musketeer. They're perfect lambs if you don't separate 'em."

"All right," I assented, completely mollified. "There's only one thing I ask you to remember; I am an only child."

LATER, as we ambled peacefully toward the border town, I remarked casually: "You admire thin men, then?"

For some reason, Eunice flushed.

"Not especially. What did you ask that for? But I never could stand bay-windows."

I pondered her words a space.

"What a pretty girl Lois Grady is. I never saw such eyes!"

"It all depends on what you call pretty," rejoined Eunice coldly.

"But Lois is a raving beauty, any way you figure. I heard Guthrie say she could give cards and spades to any girl he ever saw."

"That doesn't prove anything," was the unruffled reply; but I knew she could cheerfully have throttled me. "Keep away," she added, as my mount's affection for his mate brought us together on the trail.

"He's going," I continued, "to take her to the picnic at Lewis Springs next month. It begins to look like business, doesn't it?"

My companion did not deign to answer. We jogged along, and she presently broke out with intense earnestness: "It sure does beat the Dutch!"

"What's the answer?"

"Why, the idiots men make of themselves."

"Right-o. Proceed; your tale interests me."

"All a girl's got to do is to act like butter wouldn't melt in her mouth, and the big boob'll think it's real. They're all alike. The weak, clinging-vine stuff—"

She was so worked up that she couldn't continue. I cracked my quirt cheerily and grinned.

"You think you're mighty smart, don't you?" snapped Eunice.

"It's just natural for me," I replied.

The subject was immediately dropped, but we understood each other. And an idea dawned upon me: they sometimes do. Supposing that Eunice were to contend against Lois for the engineer? My blood warmed to the thought. It would be worth seeing, that duel.

But why either should want him was beyond me. Admitting that he was handsome after a fashion, what else was there to the fellow? And even in the matter of looks—personally, I considered him too slight. I prefer a man of robust physique.

In the beginning, Guthrie had come to the Paddle ranch from Bisbee as one of a house-party, as they called it—he held some kind of a job in the Copper Queen there. Up to then Eunice had cared rather less about men than jack-rabbits. Yet, after the first glance passed between the two, it was all over for one of them. The engineer smiled, his eyes asking questions, as they always did; and a blush crept up under Eunice's tan. There was an odd, frightened glint in her eyes.

Then Lois Grady, another guest from town, reached out and grabbed him. Though fresh from the seclusion of school, she was a seasoned campaigner. Lois could slay with a look; she had a different attack for every victim and a capacity for divining a man's blind side that was uncanny. It was a positive pleasure to be led on and jilted by Lois—she did it so painlessly.

And she was ravishing. With her soft brown beckoning eyes, her glowing copper hair, and creamy skin—I pride myself on being a wary old fowl, but no earthly inducement could have made me trust myself alone with Lois in the moonlight.

Again I ask you: what chance had Eunice against this practised man-killer? Eunice wasn't even attractive, in the ordinary acceptation of the term. She was too overflowing with health and driving energy.

Her notion of encouraging a man was of the weirdest. It was to treat him rather worse than an objectionable dog. That is too primitive. It does all very well for some staunch hearts, but it never gets very far with the average lump of clay. Brainy as these independent women are, in the useful art of ruling men a wabbly-chinned bud of the old-fashioned species has them out on a raft with the waves rolling mountain-high. It is so, Lois knew more about the masculine nature with one hand tied behind her back than Eunice could have learned in a thousand cycles.

The latter rebuffed the engineer from the outset. She was keen to annex him, yet drove him off. Explain that who can.

Before Guthrie had the opportunity to appreciate the fine, supple figure under the old brown riding-skirt and baggy waist, she had repelled him by a brusque speech. He said something pretty, and she snapped at him. He never plumbed the soft depths of her blue eyes, never even perceived the curving lashes, entirely overlooked the peach-bloom of her cheeks; and all because Eunice gave him other things less pleasant to think about. What more natural than that he should drift toward Lois? The water was fine, the wind calm, and he didn't see the net.

When the party broke up, Guthrie bade his hostess adieu and, heaving a sigh of relief, rode gaily to the railway with Miss Grady. Eunice stood gazing after him, her quirt tapping her riding-boot.

SUCH was the situation on the sparkling morning she and I rode side by side to Naco on Musketeer and Teddy. Lois was a lap in the lead and going strong, with a clear track. Only a miracle could stop her.

"Did dad tell you?" demanded Eunice suddenly.

"He told me a story about a clothing drummer," I answered with caution. "It was a bird."

"Oh, I thought you knew. He's going to start on a tour of the range, and he's fixing to take all of us with him. I believe dad thinks it'll bring good luck. We need rain terribly."

"How long will this camping trip take?"

"About four days. Why?"

"Nothing of any importance. Merely that I have to earn three meals a day, and picnics provide only temporary sustenance."

"Please come," begged Eunice.

"Who else is going?"

"The Spiegel girls and Anniclee Joyce and Dr. Ellis and Lois and Mr. Guthrie and—"

"Stop! Lois? Are you going to invite Lois?"

"Why not? She's one of my oldest friends."

Here was food for thought. Why should Old Man Wiggins give a picnic?

"Your father never thought of this," I asserted stoutly. "Whose idea is the trip, anyway?"

"Now, don't try to be too clever," replied Eunice. "That's one thing about you I don't like."

I bestowed a shrewd gimlet glance upon her.

"There's some deviltry afoot here, woman."

"Do you think so?"

"But how can Guthrie get off?"

"He'll be on his vacation."

"All right," I agreed. "You can count on me holding the sponge for you."

"The only thing I ask of you is that you'll promise not to be fresh."

"I won't utter so much as a cheep," I assured her solemnly.

THE trip was not to start until Tuesday, and Eunice spent most of the interval with her precious hybrids. She drove them to a buggy, or rode one, with the other leading at the end of a rope.

"What's up?" I inquired.

"Just training 'em. As long as they're together they're perfectly happy, but the minute you part them they'll start to bray. Musketeer is the worst. He'll pitch unless he's with Teddy."

"So I believe."

"Get on him a minute," she urged. "I want to find out something."

"I've got an appointment with your father at the barn."

"Fraid-cat! Scared of a little creature like that!"

"There's nothing to grip," I rejoined hotly.

"Huh!"

"Besides, it's a shame to trifle with their affection. The love they exhibit one for the other is a beautiful thing—a sublime thing. Talk about Damon and Pythias, talk about Perkins and Roosevelt—but perhaps we'd better not."

"No, I reckon you're right. Go on, then, and talk to dad. I'll bet it's to drink some cold beer—he always hides it. Come along, Teddy. We can do without him."

On Sunday morning: "What am I to ride on this trip?"

"Baldy."

"Good! And which one does Guthrie draw?"

"The Bar 9 sorrel."

"You're a sinister woman, Eunice. Don't you know that old skate's the roughest horse south of the North Pole?"

"Well," she remarked tranquilly, "if he doesn't like him he can have Musketeer."

And then a great white light burst upon me.

THE guests from town arrived on the Burro Express Monday afternoon, and I drove one of the light wagons in which they were carried to the ranch. There were the Spiegel girls, Judge Elmore and his wife, Anniclee Joyce, Dr. Ellis, Guthrie, and young Elmore; and last came Lois herself, with all her war-paint on. She was dressed regardlessly. It didn't take half an eye to see that she was out to end the suspense.

Early in the morning our friends from the other ranches straggled in, and we loaded the pack-mules and started. It was a goodly cavalcade when strung out, and Old Man Wiggins regarded us with a smile of mingled pride and hope. I am firmly persuaded that Eunice could never have induced him to put up for the trip had he not entertained the expectation that it would bring rain. Not that he is stingy, but he likes to get value for his money. You know what I mean.

"Who give you that Bar 9?" he growled, on espying the lank engineer astride the sorrel.

"Your daughter. What's the matter with him?"

The cowman rolled a fishy eye toward his hopeful child.

"Just like her ma," he muttered, and sighed.

It soon became apparent that some of our guests were uncomfortable. Guthrie seemed very unhappy. He had a thoughtful air that struck me forcibly. Every time the Bar 9 put his feet down, I saw him blanch. That sorrel was to ordinary horses as a freight-car to a Pullman, as a jitney to a limousine. But the engineer was game. He never once tried to shirk the pace and managed to reply to his companion's chatter with admirable aplomb.

There is, however, a limit to human fortitude; the membranous integument is not inexhaustible. You know what I mean. By the time we reached the Wolf Place, where we were to stop for lunch, Guthrie's smile was a wan, piteous thing. He groaned when he slid off, and did not offer to help Lois down. Dr. Ellis hastened to remedy that oversight. The engineer looked worried. He impressed me as a man with a secret sorrow.

There was no hurry, and we dallied long over the meal. Guthrie squatted near Lois, and with delightful grace she fed him olives on the end of a hat-pin. All of which was very charming, but bad tactics; I was surprised that she should be guilty of it. For, while she queened it, others had to carry food to the pair, and Eunice was solicitously caring for each guest. She brought a cushion for this one, coffee for that, selected a wing of the fried chicken for a third; helped the cook at the fire; and later rolled up her sleeves and set to washing the dishes. I was filled with admiration. Don't misunderstand me. I wouldn't say that Eunice seldom performed these duties ordinarily; but on this occasion she surely did go in for it strong. You know what I mean. Besides, she had wonderful arms.

Now, no mere man can long withstand attention to his wants. And then, the contrast between the two girls' behavior was so marked. More than once Guthrie turned to watch Eunice.

Rested, and inclined to be drowsy, we made ready for departure in midafternoon. Most of the work fell on Old Man Wiggins, the cook, Eunice, and myself; the others didn't know how.

"Look at your man," I whispered to her, when we were mounted.

The engineer was still on the ground, and evidently determined to stay there until the last possible moment.

"Let's go," cried our host.

Guthrie clenched his teeth and crawled stiffly up on the Bar 9 and ranged beside Lois Grady.

The afternoon passed as the morning had done. We moved comfortably up the lower slopes of the Huachucas,—Old Man Wiggins far in the lead with Judge Elmore; the pack-animals next; then the party strung out in couples. For lack of a better, Eunice had put up with me for comrade. The engineer clung loyally to the side of Lois; yet I thought I could discern a difference. He was less eagerly attentive. A man can't sustain tender warmth when three square inches of raw surface—you know what I mean.

The camp was pitched for the night in a narrow cañon because of a pool formed from the drip of its walls, and I went to hobbling the beasts, while Eunice gathered fire-wood and got the cook started. Apparently the others regarded hobbling as a whim of mine to pass the time; at any rate, none volunteered to help.

"You do all the work," said Eunice, pausing to watch me.

"Somebody's got to do it," I answered shortly.

She continued to stand over me awhile, and then resumed her task with redoubled energy. The other girls didn't stir a hand. They eased down on the ground with moans of relief and waited for somebody to put up the tents and cook supper and make them comfortable.

GUTHRIE was scarcely any better, but he had a reason. Indeed, I thought he was going to collapse when he dropped off the Bar 9, for he let out a groan, and when he tried to walk his knees bent under him.

"Oh, I'm so sorry," said the sympathetic Eunice.

"It's all right. Just cramped. I haven't ridden much lately," he replied, with a horrible grimace—game all through.

Now, it is my opinion that three things

lead all human activities in revealing what is in a man. Golf is one, camping out is another, and I forget the third.

Lois lost considerable of her popularity the first night out. She appropriated two of our meager supply of pillows and settled herself against a tree. Then she pouted adorably and inquired why no nasty man brought her a drink. Guthrie went to fetch her one; but there was a certain grimness about the leisurely manner in which he did it.

ALL the other women did some small part toward preparing the meal or cleaning up. Lois frankly told them to go as far as they liked, because she didn't understand that kind of thing, and never would.

When darkness fell we relaxed, sitting about in groups. Some sang; three of the men did close harmony; the elders got up a game of rummy on a blanket by the light of a lantern; a few sank gradually into soulful, whispered communion. I started to tell Eunice a story, but she wouldn't let me finish it.

Pretty soon Lois bore the engineer off to the pool in order to see the moonlight in its depths. The other girls watched them go and voted it coarse work. Guthrie didn't act a bit like a man with his heart in the game. I fancy he found it tough to be properly fervid.

Next morning he was so stiff that he cranked at every move. The sky was a dull, depressing gray when Old Man Wiggins routed us out, and it was bitter cold. Yet Eunice emerged cheerfully, glowing and radiant—the finest antidote for an early-morning growth that ever met the human eye. One wanted to hug her—in a perfectly open, proper fashion. You know what I mean. It was the same feeling that prompts a woman when she sees a chubby baby; she longs to squeeze and squeeze it.

Well, I believe that the engineer experienced some such urging when he saw the maiden in the dawn. He drew a deep breath, like a swimmer going down to sound bottom, and came to heel.

"Let me help you," he offered, despite his aching joints.

Eunice treated him with brisk heartiness, carefully refraining from any expression of sympathy, though the poor wretch turned pale every time he had to stoop.

"Thanks," she said to him smilingly when breakfast was ready. "Now please call the others."

Guthrie did so by the simple expedient of beating on a tin pan with a stick, and in due course they emerged from the tents. All were heavy-eyed and dismal. Last to come was Lois—every one else had finished eating. She was low in spirits. Six A. M. ingrained neither her temper nor her looks. The engineer allowed Doc Ellis to wait on her.

As I brought up the horses for saddling, I saw Eunice conferring with her father.

"All right," he grumbled. "Hey, young feller,—you Guthrie,—we'll pack boddin' on your hoss. You can ride one of the mules. He'll be easier."

Guthrie perked up instantly.

"What're you doing?" I inquired, as Eunice led her horse toward the spring.

"Going to give him a drink."

"He's been watered already."

She paid no attention, but proceeded on her way. I was puzzled until she came back, and I perceived that he was limping.

"You'll have to catch Teddy for me, dad," she said. "And we can pack this one."

Her father opened his lips, thought better of it, and made an inarticulate noise in his throat.

WE broke camp at last, and the engineer drew dutifully alongside Lois. As Teddy was very near, Musketeer offered no objection to the arrangement. However, presently Eunice saw fit to lope to the rear to communicate with Aniceles Joyce, whose nose was blistered from the sun. And then trouble started.

Musketeer gazed all around with a pained expression. His pal had forsaken him! He must follow. His was a single-track mind. He turned about deliberately and headed back. Guthrie sawed on the reins and kicked him in the ribs with his heels. The mule was patient under the abuse, but continued his course, and the engineer began to ply the quirt.

That was different. Musketeer's ears subsided on his neck and he let out a demoniacal bray. Next he took a couple of mincing steps and humped. It loosened Guthrie in the saddle, and before he could get righted the mule pitched him off. Free, he sped with loud whinnies of joy to rejoin the friend of his bosom.

How we all whooped! Guthrie picked himself up, scarlet and furious; and the first person he discerned, when the mists cleared, was Lois. She was limp from laughing. Bad tactics again—very. A man can overlook anything quicker than humiliation; and Guthrie was vain. He turned sharply around, and there was Eunice, gravely anxious with womanly sweetness to be of service. She was leading Musketeer.

"I'm so sorry," she said. "But any one can be thrown when he isn't expecting it. Did he hurt you?"

The engineer liked the salve to his vanity, and replied: "Not at all. He got me when I wasn't looking for it." Then he began to pull sand-burs out of his knees.

"Shall I catch you a horse?" continued Eunice innocently.

Guthrie turned red again.

"No," he answered grimly. "I'll ride him. No mule can treat me like that."

And, with the air of a hero leading a forlorn hope, he seized Musketeer's bridle and swung up. The mule stood passive. He rubbed his ear contentedly against Teddy's neck, and noticed his rider not at all.

"HE seems all right now," Eunice remarked hopefully. "Suppose we try him on a trot."

The trot was even more satisfactory. Musketeer's gait was like a rocking-chair. The two moved up to the head of the column.

Lois detected this maneuver immediately and called out: "Oh, Mr. Guthrie, Donald!"

"I reckon I can stand it," said Eunice brusquely, her cheeks scarlet.

SHE did, in fact, bear up well. On the night of the fourth day out, as we neared the ranch headquarters in brilliant moonlight, the two passed me, and I heard her call him "Donald." It wasn't the name so much as the sickening tone: I knew the last sad rites had begun.

While I was glumly debating the advisability of inaugurating a discreet flirtation with Lois by way of consoling her, Eunice reappeared abruptly beside me. I saw she was agitated.

"What's the matter?"

"Nothing."

"Where's Guthrie?"

"I don't know and I don't care. Oh, Dick, I wish—"

At that moment there was a commotion in front.

"It's Musketeer," she said breathlessly. "He's trying to throw him off. Run and change with him, Dick."

Perhaps I didn't make the dirt fly! When I got back on the mule, I too was breathless—couldn't speak, in fact. We jogged along silently. I was thinking of Guthrie's face. No conqueror ever wore that look.

"Dick, do you hate me?" asked Eunice.

"What's the answer?" I retorted. There was a lump in my throat.

She gave a little squeak and said brokenly:

"'I'm so sorry,' said Eunice, 'but any one can be thrown when he isn't expecting it. Did he hurt you?'"

"You're so thoughtful and—and—cheerful—and—and dependable—and—and—"

"Hold on!" I exclaimed roughly, reaching out for her bridle. "Let's drop further back. That sounds fine. What else am I?"

"Yes, you are, too. I've watched. You're always helping others. You can't fool—me—any more. You—cynical! You're nothing but a big-hearted boy, and—"

"Well, there's no use crying about that."

"And he," she sobbed, whisking out her handkerchief—"he's only a conceited, self-centered—"

And then I grabbed her. She gave another little squeak and pushed me away; but it was done feebly.

"Don't say it now," she begged.

"I wasn't going to say a word," I protested.

So we rode knee to knee down the silver-shimmering path of the moon, that led straight to paradise, and eggs-and-bacon at 7 A. M., and the sweet tyranny of a well bossed home.

Are women artful, or are they not? You know what I mean.

Titus the Trader

By FORREST CRISSEY

DOWN in Defiance, Ohio, is a young man named Titus Johnson, who, not long ago—as a country boy of seventeen—suddenly faced about as black a situation as ever confronted the hero of a Wall Street crisis, out of which came an experience in getting ahead that has all the clearness, simplicity, and illuminating power of a Bible parable.

The father of Titus was a lawyer of the old school, a "first citizen" in the town of Defiance, a place then of less than ten thousand inhabitants. He owned a big farm in another county, into which he had sunk a small fortune for clearing. But his borrowing power was good at the bank, and his profession brought him a steady income. So he and his neighbors looked upon his home place, barely within the corporation limits, as a luxury that he could afford.

From its sixty acres he was never known to get, on his own initiative, a single

Every little piggy had a profit all its own.

dollar's worth of salable produce of any kind; but, just to give the hired man something to do, Mr. Johnson bought a few cows and allowed the "hand" to start a small milk route. Besides, Mr. Johnson wished his boy Titus, then in short trousers, to become interested in farming, against the day when he would inherit the big farm clean of debt.

Then, out of the clear sky, the panic of 1897 smote the little town, and lawyer Johnson discovered that the bottom had dropped out of land values, that all the money he had invested in his larger farm, like the farm itself, was gone, and that a mortgage of $5000 remained unpaid on the home place. His health failed rapidly under the strain, and with his health went his credit at the bank.

When the family council over the ultimatum from the insurance company that held the mortgage was ended, Titus stole up to his father and handed him six ten dollar bills, saved from the proceeds of the milk route. The father choked and said nothing. It had suddenly dawned upon the lad that his father had become an old man! And what would his mother do if the old home was taken away?

"I Can Make It Pay"

THE next afternoon Mr. Moore, a large, kindly man from the head offices of the insurance company, visited the farm. Mr. Johnson told him how Titus had saved sixty dollars and had given it to help out. Mr. Moore looked the boy over carefully, and invited both boy and father to visit him that evening at the Crosby House. There he drew out from young Titus the conviction that he could swing that mortgage and sometime burn it in the old homestead fireplace. Eagerly the boy outlined his plans to his astonished elders.

"I know that I can make the farm pay," slowly insisted the lad.

"Son, I'm going to give you the chance. I'll let the mortgage rest in your father's name—but the fight is up to you. I want you to run that farm on your own judgment—just as if you owned it yourself. That's the agreement. Now, go to it!"

The father nodded assent.

Titus went home, he has confessed, feeling that he had suddenly become a man. When the thought of making the old farm pay had first come to him, he had accepted it as a foregone conclusion that he would have to quit college. He would now close to the line, and work with a lantern in hand at both ends of the day. He took a quick inventory: a debt of five thousand dollars on one hand, and on the other a reasonable amount of equipment, three horses, eight cows, and sixty acres of land that had never paid a profit.

There were no creameries in or about Defiance, and few farmers were producing more milk than they could convert into dairy products. Mainly they "packed down" butter. In short, Titus was the first to see a chance in trading in milk. He started out one night after supper and began canvassing for his supply. The second night, when he returned at ten o'clock, he had contracted for twenty-seven gallons a day at eight cents. He sold that milk in bulk to the hotel, and exactly doubled his money.

As soon as he saw that his supply could be expanded to meet his sales, he began to hustle systematically for more business. Until then his customers were the rejects from the routes of his competitors—those that were considered "poor pay" or "kicksers." But Titus was a persuasive salesman, and, once he got a customer, he furnished good milk and good service, and held his trade. Often, in rain and storm, he drove into the country, gathering milk, and returning to the farm at nine or ten o'clock, only to rise in the morning before dawn to get his wagon ready for the trip through the sleeping town.

Then his father suddenly died; and if the young shoulders of Titus had before carried a heavy burden, the load was now doubled. Next, two of his best cows died, and the hired man said: "Sorry, Titus, but it's no use holding out any longer. I'm on my way, and you'd better quit."

"Not on your life!" answered Titus. "I've just started." He coaxed the hired girl to take a hand at the milking, and incidentally to teach him that neglected art.

"When I get on my feet," resolved Titus, "I'll make things so comfortable for my help that they'll stick to me through thick and thin."

Cutting Corners

THE struggle at this period of his experience developed Titus specially along two lines: he learned how to cut expenses to the bone, and how to buy and sell. Instead of "shoving round," he spent every moment of his spare time figuring out how he could cut corners. Right here is almost the whole secret of business success.

Just as an example of the turns that he made, take the matter of taxes. His father had been content to have the place considered within the corporate limits of the town—feeling that this enhanced the land value and secured better fire protection. But Titus could not find anything that looked like a water hydrant within hose-reach of his buildings; so he had the county equalizer set him "out of the corporation," and thereby he cut his taxes in half.

Next he went after his food bills with a sharp knife, and found that the malt refuse was being "dumped" from the local brewery. Promptly he secured a wagon-load of this sprouted barley, hauled it to his farm, and discovered that it remained sweet for several days. He learned, too, that the larger breweries dried this substance and sold it at twenty cents a bushel. Promptly he closed a contract with the home brewery for all he could use at four cents. This reduced his feed cost more than half, and greatly increased his milk supply.

Meanwhile he was playing the David Harum in his trades. He found diversion—and money too—in continual trading. It was his only pastime, and he developed a keen passion for it. Here was an outdoor sport that paid handsomely.

He decided to put up his own ice—as he made a dicker with a competitor for the use of an ice-plow and other tools. By this turn he secured his ice supply for the year for about $25—a fraction of what it had cost him before.

When the Old Cow Died

HE picked and packed away in the cellar a big crop of Baldwin apples. Converting Baldwins into money had never been thought of in that household; but when the two cows died, Titus, in his dilemma, had turned to these apples. His instinct for making a good trade checked him from selling them at the moment because the price was not right. To avoid selling them on a poor market he borrowed the money with which to buy two cows. Two months later he drove into town with a load of apples, and went to the one "fancy grocery." The word Baldwin was a magic word, and he sold his entire crop at two dollars a bushel, and took home with him a check large enough to pay the cow note as well as half the year's interest on the mortgage.

This instinct for a good trade had put money in his purse from the very day he went into business, and was the trait in Titus that did most to smooth his way. One year, some time later, when bran was bringing $28 a ton, Titus sold a dozen tons that he had bought for $10. Another year, when cotton-seed soared to $37, he produced a half carload for which he had paid only $20 a ton. He borrowed money to buy a crop of corn fodder still in the field, and two days later sold it for one half more without having touched it.

Titus was a trader—a farmer, but a financier first. And, all this time, he was trafficking in milk and cream. Nearly every summer since he began he had managed to pay his help from his profits in dealing in cream to be used for ice cream. He even supplied his competitors with milk and made his toll on the transaction.

From driving a gallus aroof to a milk-wagon,

he now rides a Kentucky thoroughbred.

He coaxed the hired girl to take a hand at milking while he hung on to the customers.

When there is a big event in town, Titus is always first on the ground to take advantage of it. Barnum and Bailey's circus was due to arrive in his town one Monday morning, and, by wire the night before, Titus got an order for $30 worth of milk. He drove to the farm of one Andy, owner of a good herd five miles from town. He wanted to buy, he said, $15 worth of milk. The old farmer looked him over incredulously, and then announced that, though he had Saturday night's milk and Sunday morning's milk and Sunday evening's milk, he would not sell a quart of it on the Lord's day.

"Well, I'll just wait till midnight, then," countered Titus. Which he did.

By sheer energy, shrewdness, and keeping eternally after details, Titus kept getting ahead. He bought milk in ever-increasing quantities, and developed his route until it embarrassed his competitors.

He knew how much each cow ate, what she should produce, and what she did produce. Those that failed to justify by this standard were eliminated. He bought carefully, and raised all his best heifer calves.

The one thing that worried Titus when he was building up his "blooded" herd was the shelter his cows had to accept.

Why He Bought a Church

BUT when the enterprising pastor of the Presbyterian congregation raised the funds for a new church, and advertised that the old one would be sold at public auction, Titus saw a hope. The old church had been put up sixty-five years before, and its beams, he knew, were as solid as the day they were joined together with dowel-pins. Titus found that he had the bidding all to himself.

He secured the old church for $150—every cent of which he had to borrow. Inside of a fortnight he had dismantled it, hauled it in sections down the river road, and reassembled it in the shape of a barn—a barn that became the local model of what a dairy barn should be. To-day it crowns the ridge, and holds more than a hundred tons of clover or alfalfa. Below the loft is a big, clean milking room, equipped with plenty of windows, a ventilator system, and a concrete floor.

The steel stanchions that Titus installed were the first of their kind ever seen in that corner of the Buckeye State, and his litter carrier was a revelation to his farmer neighbors. Later he installed the first feed carrier ever seen in that locality. And yet, complete, Titus found the barn cost him only $1200.

He borrowed the money to build it, but that barn has paid for itself several times over. "If I can make money earn more than the interest I have to pay, I'll borrow every time!" he declares.

A "Rest Room" for Cows

THE farmers coming and going along the river road, past the new barn, began to notice the young milkman who was "doing queer things." Some of them ridiculed him when he announced his belief in sheltering his cattle—they declared it was foolish to "baby" them. Titus smiled agreeably, and went ahead in his

plan to provide what he now considers one of the most profitable investments he has ever made. He calls this investment his "rest room." It is little more than a roofed shelter—a huge open box-stall—without a floor, and with a large watering-tank, where his cows have a chance to exercise and drink in the snug shelter of the big barn.

A business trip to another locality convinced him that the silo was the greatest of all modern discoveries for the dairy farmer. Three years later he could count eighteen of these modern citadels of soil fertility within a radius of five miles from his own place.

Profits in Off Season Porkers

TITUS introduced another innovation to his community. Of course he kept hogs—no farmer with half his thrift and foresight would neglect the most profitable of all farm animals. As soon as he began to operate his swine herd on the two-litter-a-year plan, all his neighbors insisted that it was a fool fad of paper farmers and totally impractical. But it has increased his profits greatly—not only by increasing his output of porkers, but by securing higher prices; because his "off season" pigs are ready to sell at a time when the market is not glutted with porkers.

Defiance is the junction point of three rivers, and one of these had power facilities that remained long undeveloped. Finally a power dam was built across it, and it happened that the transmission wires had to pass over the Johnson farm. A representative of the company was quite willing to give Titus a tempting lump sum for the right of putting in the steel uprights. But Titus the trader had been doing some figuring, and suggested that he would rather have a perpetual contract for power at a certain low rate. The company assented.

He bought a 7½-horse-power motor that develops 10-horse-power when this three-phase current is sent through it, and he uses that motor for many purposes—cutting ensilage, sawing wood, pumping water, watering the garden, and running the cream separator, and for operating the washing machine in the kitchen.

Titus has another little motor of ½-horse-power that offers a lesson in economy. This tiny power-maker was his first experiment. He used it merely to supplement nature. When the wind didn't work the windmill the little motor took up the task. And then the ingenious Titus rigged up a gear-wheel with which he pumped water into a cooling tank and used the overflow to irrigate his vegetable garden. He now contemplates putting in quite an extensive system of artificial irrigation, and also a small and inexpensive electrical heating apparatus to warm his hog houses at the time of winter farrowing. Only a little artificial heat is needed, but that little often means the saving of a whole litter of new-born pigs. A gasoline engine to do all his work would cost him $800, and would need continual watching and repairs. With his motors doing all the required work, the reading of his meter recently showed that the cost for three months was $2.70.

Titus is strong for practical efficiency, and the waste of labor, materials, or products hurts his sense of thrift. On his initiative, he and his competitor in the milk business long ago decided that they need not waste time and labor and travel in attempting to cover the same territory. They effected a satisfactory division of the town. They also buy much of their feed jointly, and also their bottles.

About the time that Titus saw the effect of his own kind of farming on his soil, and also saw those results repeated to some extent by neighboring farmers who adopted his methods, he did considerable serious thinking on the subject of future land values in his neighborhood. As these methods were more generally adopted and more faithfully and intelligently followed, there was bound to be a big increase in the market value of the farms. The fertility of the soil was being rapidly restored and the farms made to produce richer crops and larger profits.

Not Afraid of Mortgages Now

IT was not in the cards for the young man who had bought bran at $19 and sold it at $28 to allow an upward movement in farm values to pass without bringing him profit. Therefore Titus the trader began to amass farms. He paid $25 an acre for one, and later refused to sell for $150. Another he leased for five years, and was immediately offered $1000 for the lease. He played a progressive game of mortgage-making and mortgage-lifting, and he now farms 750 acres—not all his in fee simple, to be sure, yet a goodly portion of it is. He isn't as much afraid of a mortgage now as when he started to milk the original one off the old homestead.

"Cows and clover are my best jack-screws," he says. "They raise the actual land value as well as the price."

He now has an unlimited market for all the milk he can produce from his hundred cows, at the neighboring creamery. He keeps fourteen horses, rides a thoroughbred Kentucky saddle-horse that a packer would envy, and has remodeled the old house until there are few comforts or luxuries known to a country gentleman or his help that he does not enjoy. He likes farming, and when he sees a husky boy leaving the farm for the city, he smiles and concludes that "cows and clover will do for me."

"A lot of farmers," declares Titus the trader, "are like a one-legged man. They are unequally developed—strong in production, but weak on planning and business management; they are successful growers, but they fall down on buying and marketing. Consequently they limp and hobble when they might get over the ground at a swinging pace if they were only balanced up on the business side. Farming is *business*—don't forget that! If I hadn't had this drilled into me at the start, I never would have been able to lift that first mortgage. And it's about the most complex business in the world, too. It calls for a kind of management that is flexible, not cut and dried."

The big thing about Titus is not that he was born with a wonderful gift for farming or for trading. There is nothing in his family history to indicate that he was blessed with a natural equipment above the ordinary in either of these particulars. He did not come of a line of money-makers. But the story of Titus the trader—of the boy who milked the mortgage, fattened the farm, and revolutionized the farm methods and values of a whole community—is a parable of the power of application.

He just *had* to save the home farm for the sake of his father and mother. He knew that to do this he must do more than hustle and toil—he must think and observe everything about him from the viewpoint of whether or not it might be made to yield an honest profit; he must approach everything that came his way with a question as to whether it might not be made to yield him a few desultory dollars. Titus the trader holds that making money is largely a matter of consistent application; that if the average man cares enough about it he can take a profit from a hundred things close to his hand.

Not that he thinks making money is the biggest thing in the world. He doesn't. Being able to stand between his father and complete financial shipwreck was worth more to him than the money he made—far more!

There is something decidedly cheering in his contention, backed by his own experience, that any average boy or man can make money if he goes after it hard enough—and make it honestly, too.

The Government Will Give You a Job

WHEN the government gets you a job, you are not set to raising potatoes if your soul yearns to mend roads; nor are you put to paddling if you hanker to milk cows. You are sent where you want to go, to do what you want to do; because the government believes that "when a man gets the sort of a job that is suited to his trade or calling the country gains, and so does he."

It is nine years since the United States started to introduce the maniess job to the jobless man. Things were begun in rather a small way. The United States Employment Bureau was then a two-roomed affair run by a commissioner and two clerks. Now it covers a floor in the New York Federal Building, and circles the country like an endless chain through the medium of eighteen employment sums situated in the principal cities, each sum being in charge of an immigrant inspector. There are also sub-branches and sub-sub-branches represented by some 50,000 post-offices, which create a network of communication between employers needing help and workers wanting employment. Either employer or workman may obtain at any post-office in the country a blank application supplied by the Department of Labor, which may be sent free through the mails after it is signed and filled out. These applications are then "matched" at the nearest sub-station.

The Beet Patch Needs Attention

"I HAVE a fine beet farm in Missouri," writes a farmer, "and I want a young man to run it." The clerk in charge then hunts through the files marked "Agricultural Employment Wanted" until he finds a chap who loves beyond anything to grow beets, and sends him to the farmer. And the result in most cases justifies a long, lingering, hard-to-kill belief in human nature.

To illustrate: There was one Anton Nijik, who came "out of Russia" some six years ago. Anton's people in the Volga district had been farmers since Ivan the Terrible, and Anton went to an employment agency and asked for work on a farm. He was hustled on to a train bound for the Pennsylvania oil-fields. This he discovered after an hour's travel. What did he do? Got off the train and walked back to New York. There he told his troubles to a countryman he met on the wharves, and was advised to let the government find him work. That night, quite happy, Anton started for Illinois to work on a farm for $18 a month (a lot of money when translated back into rubles), busily studying a Russian-English glossary given him by Commissioner S. E. Green, who had underlined some two hundred words and phrases likely to be useful to him. Anton reached Illinois with a working knowledge of English, and the farmer gave him $25 the first month instead of $18.

A few weeks ago Anton revisited New York and called on the Commissioner. He was meeting his mother and sweetheart, he said, to take them to his own farm. Yes, he had a nice little farm and a thousand dollars in the bank. They were all going to be very happy. Was the Commissioner surprised? Not particularly. His theories were justified, that was all. He got out a ledger and wrote therein: "Anton Nijik. No. 876, Class I. Good example of ordinary intelligence and right sort of job. Value as citizen direct result of employment suited to calling."

The Bureau plays a picturesque and interesting part in facilitating the harvest in the Middle West. Beginning late in May, a vast army converges into the grain country. The mobilization and disposition of the units of this great wave of workers is the duty of the Bureau. Working north as the season progresses, the harvest hand, guided by the Bureau, can work from May in Texas through August in Canada at top wages.

Let us consider one of these units. Fred Luscher, and note how the Bureau kept him in work for twelve months. Fred was a mound, but, amusing to relate, liked work. So from May to August he followed the harvest; in August and September he gathered peaches in Michigan; in November, December, January, and February he went lumbering in Minnesota; and in March and April he cultivated fruit lands in Oregon.

Mental Labor Is Given, Too

NOR does the United States concentrate all its energies on manual labor. There is a certain young woman in Wisconsin, heiress to a large slice of bank stock and one of the finest farms in the State, who owes her good fortune entirely to the government's success in finding in her just the person to fill the void in the declining lives of a childless old couple. This, according to L. F. Post, Assistant Secretary of Labor, is the plain, unvarnished truth.

Almost every kind of a job has been obtained for almost every kind of a job-hunter at one time or another by the Bureau.

Suppose you were a clerk or a stenographer or an accountant or a hosiery salesman or an expert "soda-slinger" or a garment-maker or a carpenter or mechanical engineer, or anything else that you can fancy, out of a job. After hearing Commissioner Green you might have to go out to Waco, Texas, or Emporia, Kansas, to be sure; but, nine chances out of ten, somewhere in the United States the Commissioner would know of somebody looking for just what you had to offer.

Of course it is not possible to land with a jump into a railroad president's chair, and the Bureau is trying hard to dispel that idea. But, the Bureau is discovering plenty of people ready and anxious for good, old-fashioned jobs, and is kept busy introducing some 5000 such persons to some 5000 such jobs daily in all parts of the country.

Ask the Government

If you live in the city and want a job on the farm.

If you live in the country and want work in the city.

If you want to know what cities have a special need for workers in your line.

If you want to know what cities are "booming" and what are not.

Write to the United States Employment Bureau, Federal Building, New York, or

Apply at your post-office for an application blank.

The Mystery at Woodford's

By WADSWORTH CAMP

Illustration by Arthur I. Keller

QUAILE advanced slowly toward Barbara's motionless figure. The main fact—the shameful truth—was beyond contradiction. She had concealed herself in a remote part of this house after the limping footsteps had frightened Josiah Bunce. But he couldn't cry out her guilt as long as a chance remained that she might explain her presence here. He would give her that chance if he could keep the others downstairs.

He stooped and raised her wrists. The flesh was cold under his touch; but she stirred almost immediately, opened her eyes, and endeavored to get to her feet.

"Barbara!" he said. "What are you doing here?"

She had struggled to her knees. She paused there and leant back against the wall, breathing harshly.

"You mustn't ask that."

"You will tell me," he said.

But she shook her head. She made herself go on, with odd, uneven pauses between the words.

"You've not forgotten that you love me—that you—promised to trust me? You won't let them know I'm here?"

He was certain then that she held the explanation of Woodford's ghost—a solution infinitely more abhorrent than that spectral one from which he had always shrunk.

"Then you did that," he breathed. "It was you who made the limping footsteps that frightened Bunce."

She glanced up with unstudied bewilderment.

"How can you think that? No. I heard them. They frightened me, too. I ran here."

"I want to believe you—"

He broke off and grasped her elbows.

"Tell me," he begged. "Don't you see you've got to tell me?"

With an impetuous vehemence, she tried to free herself. Her breath caught.

"Let go my arm. You hurt. You did last night. You are going to tell—"

McHugh's shout reached them from the lower floor.

"Quaile! Quaile! You found something up there?"

"What are you going to answer?" she whispered.

He made one last effort.

"You won't explain?"

"No; but if you tell them—"

He let her arms go. He steadied his voice and called:

"Nothing, McHugh—nothing. I'll be right down."

She braced herself against the door-jamb and hid her face.

"I can't wait," he said. "Will you be able to get out unseen?"

Her head moved affirmatively. He looked back from the door.

"Barbara! Barbara! Why did you come here?"

SHE gave no sign. She did not move. So he went slowly along the hall and down the stairs. He sought no excuse for his action. She had challenged the fairness of his own attitude toward her. He had kept that clean. He had responded to the trust she had placed in him last night. His reward seemed removed forever beyond his grasp. He mustn't think of that. As far as possible, he must strangle thought; for McHugh waited for him at the foot of the stairs, and the former detective had sharp eyes.

"You been gone long enough to find a regiment of ghosts, Quaile."

Quaile managed to answer:

"I wanted to make sure. You and Watson found nothing?"

McHugh spread his hands.

"Never anything but shadows where those footsteps limp."

Quaile at his heels, he walked into the library. Josiah had drawn his rug about his knees. Now and then he shook as if he experienced a sharp chill. Quaile was grateful for the lowered blinds, which kept a too revealing light from his face.

"What am I to do?" Josiah snivoled. "I can't sit here night and day waiting for him to come back."

McHugh sat down.

"Let's get to cases. There's nobody in this house except us four. You've said there was no one here—no servant even—when you sent Watson on the errand."

"Yes; I'm sure."

"How long before we came in did you hear the footsteps?"

"Not more than five minutes. Watson got back right away."

McHugh glanced at the butler.

"You saw nobody, Watson—nobody coming down the steps or from the kitchen entrance?"

"No, sir."

McHugh frowned. He spoke, Quaile thought, with a pronounced reluctance:

"What had you been doing, Bunce—I mean, just before you heard this thing like Woodford walking?"

The recluse reached out and lifted from the table a copy of the newspaper containing the ghostly story of the theater.

"I remember—I was reading this again. I had sent Robert some little time before to find you and bring you back. I was pretty hot, Mr. McHugh. I was going to give you the devil."

McHugh cleared his throat. His irresolution became more noticeable.

"Were you by any chance talking to yourself?"

Quaile caught the trend of his questions.

"Maybe I was," Josiah said.

"Try to think what you talked about," McHugh urged.

"I don't know," Josiah said reflectively. "I was pretty mad. I—I think I said Woodford's ghost would have a fine chance on my property."

He seemed to appreciate the significance of his words. The ashen shade of his cheeks increased. McHugh glanced at Quaile.

"Bunce," he said solemnly, "get over your temper with me. The only place to lay that ghost is right in your theater. Dress rehearsal's to-night. Things are coming to a head. We're all worked up enough. I don't want interference to-night or to-morrow."

"You seem honest," Josiah muttered; "but if I hadn't heard that thing—"

Continued on page 18

"Quaile stooped and examined the white skin. 'A cat!' he said. 'That was done by a cat.' McHugh nodded. 'No question.'"

What Is Your Favorite Drink?

WHY are the English, the Germans, and the Russians so united? Why, because they each have a national drink. "Ale for the Allies," cry the English. "Beer and blenty," echo the Germans. "Vodka and Vreedom," shout the Russians. What makes nations solid? Liquids. Why are we so disunited? Because we have no national drink. Here's James Montgomery Flagg, the artist, for instance, drinking milk. "Cows' milk," he shouts. "Also I like water quite passionately, too. And I'm weak enough morally to like a Bourbon highball about five times a year." That's three different kinds of drinks the War Department must provide to keep our soldier happy in the trenches.

Photograph by Hollinger.

Photograph by Brown Brothers.

THIS is the young Lochinvar who came out of the West with an Ingersoll watch and ten cents in his vest. Now his income is said to be $125,000 a year, $50,000 in cash and $75,000 from the moving picture companies. "My favorite drink," he says sadly, "is bay rum. I can not dislike anything more than the drinks I have tasted. Bay rum is the only drink I have never tried." And he signs himself, "Sincerely, R. L. Goldberg."

AND Elsie Janis, who could tie up a wounded soldier's arm with one hand and smooth a weary brow with the other, while dancing a hearty cling. Her favorite drink is iced tea.

"In a tall glass with two yellow straws," she says, "because it makes me think of country club verandas and nice young men on the links, the wind palpitating their silk shirts." Elsie and her family were once visiting at the White House, and Elsie danced to please the President. She pleased him so much that he advised her to go on the stage. We have seen his monument in Buffalo, but this fact was not mentioned on it.

Photograph by Bain News Service.

NEXT in our drinkers' gallery is the well known novelist, Samuel Merwin. Mr. Merwin began editing the *Boy's Herald* in Evanston, Illinois, at an early age. Then he wrote his first novel, "The Short Line War," borrowed $200 from his father and came to New York, and sold the book to a publisher in three days. In 1902 he went to China to study the opium traffic, and was bitten on the knee by a camel. And his favorite drink is "chocolate malted milk with two eggs and chocolate ice cream shaken up in it."

Photograph by Bain News Service.

Photograph by Brown Brothers.

THE day after Billy Sunday left Decatur, Illinois, the town went dry, and a timid saloon-keeper hung upon his front door the sign, "Closed, by order of Billy Sunday." Billy receives about $6000 a week for his evangelistic efforts now; but it's safe to say that the brewers would gladly pay him that much to retire to his apple ranch in Oregon. Billy's favorite drink is Moxie. "For the nerves," says Billy, quoting from the label. We have tried Moxie, but it never gave us a nerve anything like Billy's.

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"YOU shall not press down upon labor's brow this crown of thorns; you shall not crucify the people on a cross of gold," thundered W. J. Bryan in 1896; and, immediately after, a convention that had hardly heard his name twenty-four hours before chose him as its nominee for President. Later he became Secretary of State and spent most of his time signing peace treaties and temperance pledges. His favorite drink is grape juice. He and Henry Ford are suspected of joining on a platform of "Peace, pop, and prosperity."

THE next witness is Stephen Leacock. Sheriff, call Mr. Leacock. Mr. Leacock is Professor of Political Economy at McGill University, Montreal, and a Ph.D. "The meaning of which degree is this," he says. "That the recipient of instruction is examined for the last time and pronounced completely full. After this no new ideas can be imparted to him." "What is your favorite drink, Mr. Leacock?" "Scotch whisky," he answers; "at least, I never care to drink anything stronger."

Girls Who

PEOPLE used to talk like this to Miss Evelyn Brent: "Dear Sirs: Yours of the 25th received, and in reply would state." One day a motion picture director dropped into the office and overheard it. He said that the proper way to address Miss Brent was, "We're all ready to shoot now. Enter laughing. Toss sun-bonnet on to the rocking-chair; work over to the left and greet lover." Miss Brent, being a stenographer of spirit, just put the cover on her machine, took her hat off its peg, and departed to the movie studio, where she has been ever since.

Metro.

MANY people are nervous about riding a horse when he's perfectly level. But Margaret Gibson thinks it's monotonous for a horse to stay on four legs the whole time. She prefers him to do an imitation of the Woolworth Building occasionally. A motion picture company noticed this stick-to-it-iveness of Miss Gibson's when it was filming a play near her ranch, and when it left it took the dauntless rider along for keeps. By glancing at the picture of Miss Gibson you will note another resemblance to the Woolworth Tower. She is built for good times: it is built of good dimes.

Morosco

VOLA SMITH was a simple farmer's daughter and used to divide her time between feeding the chickens and looking artistic on the front porch of an afternoon when the motorists whizzed past. A picture company happened along one day, and Miss Smith decided to let the chickens go, and specialize on looking artistic. It's very simple. Tie a bow on the left shoulder, place the right hand under the chin, and the thing's done.

Biograph.

ONCE we passed by [illegible] where Virginia Pe[arson] from the children who [live]. And we looked in and [saw] we were making up our [minds] to read a little every [day] Abe Lincoln, who she had movie director and decided there was no [use] and we went around [the] instead. With the m[ovie] singers and filmriana[s] education coming t[o] owers. What?

Movied Up

LOUISE HUFF used to pull her curls on the side and help father send the ducks down on one of those Southern canals where they have to drill a fire under the engine of the canal-boat to get him started. And engine being a big-size minded Missouri mule. Then he'd call all the ducks come along and course moved, deserting the ginghams on the counter for the crêpe de chine of town. But when the director wants some one to play the lead part in "The Kid Something" course as there with the locate durand her hair in a braid

BUT who makes ... fly?" says Lucy to Leonard when they go to the aviation sheet. "The little fellow on the right," says Leonard. Men know everything about machines. So does Miss Grace Valentine before she went into the movies she was a professional swimmer. (Skeptics please note some dimple on both pictures.) Her early training came in handy in the character of crews in the sailing craft that Miss Valentine can simply fly off into

ONCE upon a time down in Dallas, Georgia, the Episcopal church had a very charming soloist named Louise Dale. Here she is. But when a choir a be an operator on agitate theater at give the photo where Miss Dale really couldn't enjoy a picture thinking of how it would feel to be the lovely lady whose the wicked man in the small black mustache simply wouldn't be alone. Now she is a sure staff in reel, and has pearls in her hair that extend her neck and traveling

he little town ... collect the times ... and not when ... we really ought ... education, like ... along but a ship ... away? So we ... education, ... ir main industries ... all the area ... ark as religion and ... Erie all

What They Do Besides Preach

IF you are seeking the Rev. Dr. William L. Spiegelpause of the historic First Presbyterian Church of Cincinnati, you will find him six days out of the week busily engaged in boxing the McIlvain & Spiegelbutter works, which he owns. Dr. Spiegel was a preacher long before he was a butter-maker, but when his father died the business descended on his shoulders. And he claims that he is a better business man because he is a preacher, and a better preacher because he is a business man.

Photograph from Oscar Davis

THE Rev. M. Setterlund of Redlands, California, has suspended the commandments, "Six days shalt thou labor, and do all thy work," and "Six days shalt thou labor and do all kinds of work." No job is too menial or too difficult for him, provided it puts him a little farther along on the way to larger training for the ministry. Summers he acts as "shee-boss" on a fruit ranch in the spring and fall he paints houses—but he never loses a Sunday service.

Photograph from A. S. Smith.

Photograph from F. Schuyler

MISS thousand and six hundred dollars was the income last year of Rev. E. Stacy Matheny of Columbus, Ohio. The six hundred he received for acting as minister of the Reech Avenue M. E. Church the nine thousand was paid him as his architectural office downtown. Facing the problem of educating his four children on a salary of $1,200 Mr. Matheny took up architecture to fill out his spare time.

Photograph from W. S. Slate.

THE Rev. W. W. Head of Hamilton, Washington, finding the parsonage in ill repair and the few sheep of his fold gathering Sunday mornings under a leaky roof, called on his own strong right arm. Then he looked around for new fields, became secretary of the Commercial Club, town clerk and county superintendent of schools. And he residents of the county find that the union of church and state works out perfectly.

Photograph from E. M. Thiers

FOR several years the Rev. A. Frank Iconser of Cleveland traveled with Billy Sunday. When the mayor of his city recently offered him a $6000 job as director of the Department of Public Welfare he declined, preferring to stay with his two flocks—the congregation of the Trinity Baptist Church and his 1000 chickens.

IF any of the roofs of the New Jerusalem show signs of leaking, the Rev. Elmer Mather expects to be on hand. He is pastor of the oldest Baptist church in Shelby County, Indiana, and—incidentally—a carpenter and builder of note. Nobody ever objects to his customs, but if there were objection Mr. Mather would need only to point to his Master, who served as a carpenter Shop.

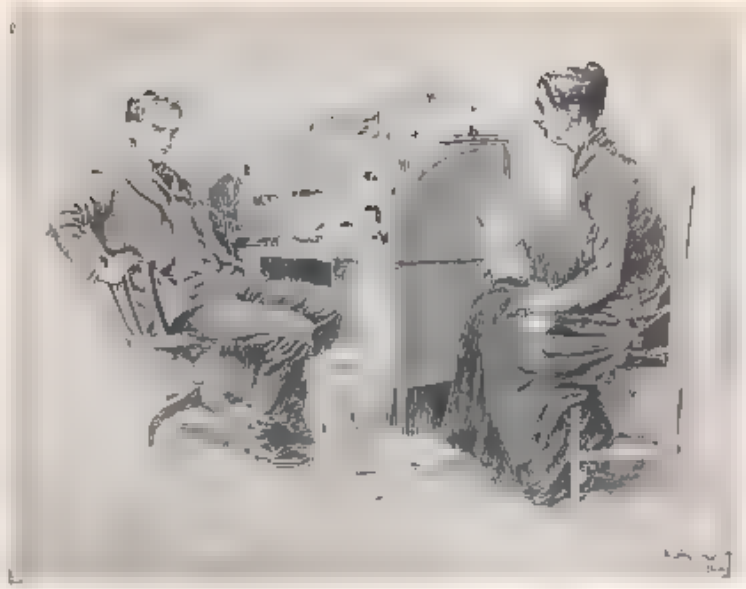
Photograph from M. A. Ayres

WANT your house painted, your furniture moved, your horse shod, your automobile repaired, or your coffin built? Call on William L. Dubois, of West Stockbridge, Massachusetts. Want your will registered or a deed drawn? Call on Justice of the Peace William L. Dubois, same address. Want to be christened, married or buried? Call on Rev. Dubois, the busiest preacher in New England.

Photograph from Clair H. Perry

Photograph from Gordon Mead

IF you're going to be a sky-pilot why not go at it right? The Rev. Joel H. Metcalf of Winchester, Massachusetts, penetrates every Sunday and between times looks at the stars through his big telescope and across fifty million miles of space. He has discovered three comets, which have been named in his honor "Metcalf comets," and fifty new asteroids. His research work has brought him medals from various astronomical societies and a fellowship in the American Academy.



Her Sammy

By SAMUEL A. DERIEUX

Illustrations by Robert McGarg

IN the tenth of a gale so violent that the old Southern town seemed to stand aghast Frank Lamar fought his way across Court House Square. He was going for the first time to his office. The tempest followed hard upon a Christmas season so bland and sunny that flowers bloomed in the yards and neighbors hailed one another from door porches.

Half way across the square he stopped with overcoat flapping to let two mudspattered buggies pass. In the first he recognized the sheriff, with a prisoner bundled up beside him. In the second sat a solitary woman wrapped in a shawl.

There was something inexpressibly dreary in the little procession. Across the deserted square it passed, like a tragic pantomime. Its slimy trail remained on the pavement—a daub of black swamp mud. Frank ducked his head, held on to his hat, and made for the curb.

Here he ran into one of his many cousins, Joe Cunningham. Joe caught him by the lapels of his coat and shouted above the wind:

"Know what that was just passed? A case ready made for you, you lucky dog. That fellow named Raines killed another named Groome in Hell Hole Swamp last night. The General got old man Raines off years ago, they're sure to come to you. Good luck!"

Lamar looked him grimly in the eyes. "I am not in the business of saving murderers' necks."

"Oh, come off!" expostulated Joe. "I mean it!"

"Frank Lamar—your father was the greatest criminal lawyer this circuit ever produced. The stiffest jury ever got together was as pappy clutchin' babies in his hands. What you goin' to do? Sit up an' suck your thumbs? God, I wish I had your chance."

"Ever looked at our homicide record, Joe?"

Cunningham regarded him narrowly for a moment. Then he pulled his overcoat close about his neck and nudged on like a man who, having done his duty has nothing more to say.

FRANK did not have to hang out his shingle. That had been done fifty years before. Above the offices that were on the second floor it hung swaying and creaking: "Lamar & Milledge, Attorneys at Law." General Lamar had been dead a year. Mr. Milledge was in his dotage. Frank had stepped into the heritage and traditions of the firm.

He climbed the narrow steps and entered the reception-room. Hank, the old negro who had made fires for the General, had been handed down to the son. The place was quite warm. Frank hung his coat on the peg where for fifty years his father had hung his. He warmed his hands over the pot-bellied stove. He looked about at the few law books and smiled grimly. His father had had small need of them. Law books do not tell how to bring tears to the eyes of jurors.

He went into the private office and sat down in his father's chair. How many magic stories had been told in that room. How many fright [illegible] away with the hopeful: "I'll get him off!"

He had wheeled round to open the desk when he saw for the first time an enlarged picture of his father hung above it, a surprise Christmas present from his uncle. It showed the troubled, half- the fiercely proud eyes, the mouth generously loose. It showed the massive shoulders—and it showed the crutch.

Frank bit his lip. The crutch might have been left out. True, the General had carried a war wound to his grave but his intimates knew that a stick might have answered. The crutch had been one of the General's properties in those florid court-room dramas where he was the center of the stage. It had fastened all eyes on an old soldier turned proclaimer of mercy and forgiveness. The ermine, the broad emotionalism, the sophistries,—yes the perjuries, if need be,—had robbed the gallows of many a wretch.

A TIMID knock at the hall door interrupted his bitter thoughts. With four strides he crossed the waiting-room and flung the door open. The woman he had seen in the square stood there shivering. Frank could [illegible] of rags on her [illegible] while [illegible] of her. The cold had [illegible] the dull [illegible] the heart.

"Let me have your coat and shawl," he said gently. "You'll warm quicker."

He hung them up. They were pathetically thin and worn.

"Raines is my name." She shivered convulsively. "I've driven fo'teen miles since befo' daybreak. You look like the General, for a fac'," she quavered. "I'd a been all broke up if you hadn't. For a been all broke up if you hadn't. For a been all broke up if you hadn't. For

room puffing into the room, a full-blooded, red-haired, big-whiskered man. He was plainly surprised. General Lamar had had little dealing with those who capture and prosecute.

He knew all about the [illegible] and the party. Groome had danced a [illegible] ping with a girl, Bessie Martin. The shooting had come off out on the road. Groome didn't have a gun.

"What sort is this Raines?"

"A cad! He's quick an' in the dark."

FRANK went grimly back into the office and sank into a chair. Before him a the woman, her hands folded in her lap. Instinct must have instructed her to keep quiet now. Her frail presence was more eloquent than words. When at last the lawyer turned his face toward her, his eyes, not hers, pleaded for mercy.

"Mrs. Raines," his voice was metallic and strained, his throat dry, "did my father ever defend your husband in court?"

"Yes, oh, yes! he got him off. It de[illegible]

"It is not strange, Mrs. Raines. It is to be expected. If your husband had been punished, would your son have killed?"

"Oh, God! That don't do no good now! You're talkin' 'bout what's past. It's Sammy I want! It's too late now. Oh, you can't go back on us, you that was so kind." She caught his hand convulsively. "It's a mother that pleads, Mr. Lamar—a poor, broken mother."

Lamar gently unclasped her hands and rose.

"I will defend him—wait a moment, Mrs. Raines, I will bring out any extenuating circumstances I can find. But I will not distort a single fact."

"You'll get him off?"

"That rests with the jury, Mrs. Raines."

"But you'll make the jury see what he means to his mother? You'll tell them—"

"No. That I will not do. I must be plain. Your son killed an unarmed man. I think your son ought to be—oh, Mrs. Raines, I am not the lawyer you want!"

"Nobody else will do," she moaned—"nobody but the General's own son. Oh, if the General was only livin'!"

"If he were—God knows, he could not feel more. But I will not, I can not do what he would do!"

For the first time, she showed a spark of anger.

"Why didn't you tell me that? Why was you so cruel?"

"I am very, very sorry. I didn't know the facts. I wanted to help you. I hoped—"

The woman staggered to her feet. Anger had given place to terror.

"I must be—goin'," she wailed. "I feel—"

She retreated into the waiting-room. Instinct cried out to him to follow her, to cheer her. He dared not. There he must stand. His future hung in the balance. If he got her Sammy off, he would continue his father's work as a perpetuator of murder and strife.

He heard her totter down the steps. He closed the door. He looked up at the picture of General Lamar.

"Father," he said hoarsely, "oh, father, understand!"

The eyes of the father seemed to reproach him. For the first time in fifty years, a woman had gone out of that room more terrified and dismayed than when she entered.

He drew himself up. His breath came fast. A vision came into his mind.

"I can do it!" he said.

He rose, hurried into the [illegible]-room, put on his hat and coat, and ran down the steps into the street. Beyond the merry-makers he saw her standing before a lawyer's sign.

With wildly beating heart Lamar hurried toward her.

"I—I," she moaned, "it's got to be you—you or no one. I can't go to him that is jail—my poor, poor boy!"

Frank swallowed the lump in his throat.

"I'll defend him, Mrs. Raines," he said, and caught her as she swayed.

SINCE the days of General Lamar the court-room had not been so crowded. The benches were packed, the aisles jammed, the windows full of heads. The space within the bar rails was filled with lawyers. It was an epic day in the county-seat. Had the mantle of a powerful father descended to the shoulders of his son?

The patience of the multitude was marvelous. Cramped, uncomfortable, stifling, they hardly shifted a position. From far and near they had come—sallow folk from the swamps, cave-men with tangled beards, dapper young people from the town, packed together waiting, straining their necks to get a sight of the little group at a table.

Here was the mother, the son, and the young lawyer. The woman was in cheap black, a heavy veil dropped over her face. She did not speak. Her hands seemed to live by themselves. Next to her Sammy Raines, thin, [illegible] and wrecked, sat hunched forward. His hands were folded in front of him on the table. Not once did he glance at his mother or his lawyer or at the crowd about him—only at his convulsed, sweating hands that had dealt violent death.

Lamar looked straight ahead. His papers were all arranged before him. The supreme moment of his life had come. By a mighty tide his fortune was knit with that of this woman and her son. The clumsy mill of justice was beginning to grind. What would be its product?

Frank glanced at the silent prisoner and his mother. His heart swelled with tenderness. He was so much more than their lawyer. He must make them understand what it meant for the good of their souls. The dragon's teeth of other murders must not be sown that day.

In the afternoon, for the first time he faced a witness. There was a subdued movement throughout the court-room.

"Was not Ned Groome a powerful man and a bully?" he asked.

The frantic objection of the prosecutor was overruled by the judge.

"Yes."

"Did you ever hear Ned Groome ridicule the prisoner, Sammy Raines?"

"Oh, yes; that was Ned's way. He used to mock Sammy Raines because Sammy limped and stuttered."

"Did he make fun of Sammy before Bessie Martin?"

"Yes, sir."

"Silence in the court!" cried the judge and pounded the rail with his gavel.

"You may come down," said Lamar. "Mrs. Raines, will you take the stand?"

He assisted her to the chair. He made her throw back her veil. For the first time, men looked into the care-worn face of the mother.

She told her story. Sammy was all she had left. Sammy was—

The prosecuting attorney sprang to his feet, apoplectic with objections.

"You may come down, Mrs. Raines," said Lamar grimly.

THE light from the setting sun streamed through the high Gothic windows when Frank Lamar rose and walked toward the jury. Old men declared that he looked as he looked [illegible] before the war—tall, strong, masterful. [illegible] a spot where the light fell full on his face. The judge looked down on him with unconcealed admiration. He spoke quietly, and the jury listened like a [illegible]

"Your Honor, gentlemen of the jury: Two men are on trial here to-day—Sammy Raines and myself. You are Sammy Raines' jury. This court-room full of people—his mother and her son, as the jury, in a sense, sit on my case this day."

Then he spoke of the determination he had formed when he took up his father's practice. He told them of Mrs. Raines' visit to his office. "Ah, gentlemen of the jury!" he cried. "What were my resolutions in the face of the mother's grief! She was my heart, gentlemen!" He struck his breast a powerful blow. "She won my heart!"

He searched the face of every juror. They drew closer to him, leaning forward in their chairs. They were his—he could mold them as he pleased. The sense of tremendous power flooded him like a tidal wave. The blood rushed into his cheeks, his eyes shone.

He turned and pointed to Sammy Raines.

"Look at that poor boy, gentlemen of the jury! A powerful man bullied him, mocked his deformity, stole his sweetheart away. He had so little—so little! That was snatched from him. Only his mother remains to plead for him. We have strong bodies and minds, you and I. We have loved ones, homes, honors. Let us look with compassion on Sammy Raines, gentlemen of the jury."

A juryman with the beard of a patriarch wiped his eyes with a red bandana handkerchief. Another cleared his throat. A third shifted uneasily, like a man afraid he is about to make a spectacle of himself.

"Sammy Raines," cried Lamar.

At the call the young man raised his quivering face.

"You knew it was an awful thing you did, Sammy?"

The chief of the criminal rose and fell. Three times he nodded his head. Then he fell forward on the table, and a woman threw her protecting arms about him.

"Mrs. Raines!"

The woman looked up from her son.

The law says, 'Thou shalt not kill.' This law was handed down by the great Judge of us all on Sinai. To escape from its punishment is to defy God himself. Do you want your Sammy to stand before the awful judgment defiant?"

The woman gasped.

"Our laws were [illegible] by God himself in order that we might live together and protect ourselves from ourselves. Why have not the kinsmen of Ned Groome slain your Sammy? The law stayed their hands. If they had done so, what would you demand of this court, Mrs. Raines?"

His eyes were intent on the woman's [illegible]

"What would you demand of it, Mrs. Raines?" he repeated.

"But the law does not take revenge. The law makes examples. If Sammy goes free, other mothers' sons will be in danger. Your Sammy himself slew a mother's son. If men are allowed to kill one another, what woman will dare bring a son into the world? Will you ask one thing for your son, and another thing for other mothers' sons?"

"Mrs. Raines, you are a God-fearing woman. Can you stand before the judgment and declare that Sammy was justified in killing Ned Groome? Will you then look your God in the face and say: 'I begged three gentlemen of the jury to set him off—it didn't matter to me that other boys were placed in danger. I did not care whether or not it was good for me, or good for my neighbors, or good for my Sammy. I just wanted him, that's all.' Can you look your God in the face and say that, Mrs. Raines?"

THE woman stared at him. The dawn of a new understanding was breaking in her eyes.

"Can you, Mrs. Raines, can you?"

She sobbed. "Oh, God, no! He's right, Sammy. Listen to me, my son. Mr. Lamar is right. There ain't no makin' here, Sammy, my boy, my baby boy!"

Lamar turned to the jury.

"Gentlemen, the fate of the boy is in your hands."

The lights were on when the jury returned with the verdict, "Manslaughter." Sammy Raines rose mechanically and received the sentence, five years at hard labor, then sank into his chair, his mother's arms about him, her crooning voice in his ear.

Amid the congratulations of friends that pressed about our party, he heard confusion of shuffling feet and shouting crowds and eager [illegible] as we [illegible] ted in Frank Lamar's interests. [illegible] was [illegible] ing blinds of Sammy's mother, [illegible] while kind congratulations of the old judge.

"My boy, you have something greater than your father's crutch!"

"Look at that poor boy, gentlemen of the jury. A powerful man bullied him, mocked his deformity, stole his sweetheart away."

No More Tears for Tears

A busy woman journalist doesn't have much time or inclination left over at the end of a stren[uous] day for a bout with the darning [bas]ket or the mending basket. That's why [the] Mind-Your-Mending Shop started. [Miss] vom Baur was on her way home from her day's work editing the woman's page of the *Evening Sun* sometimes with a three-cornered tear sometimes with the lining loose from her coat, and always, always with a little lump of thread where a button used to be. She didn't have time to look after these small annoyances herself. So Miss vom Baur simply had to buy suit after suit and frock after frock and blouse after blouse.

One day she talked this matter [over] with Mrs. J. Searle Barclay, Jr., and the two of them discovered that there ought to be hundreds of other people in a city like New York, both men and women, who were [in] the same predicament. And between them, they started the Mind-Your-Mending Shop, and the rumor [has] it that they are making money.

All the lost buttons in the world go home to roost at the Mind-Your-Mending Shop. At all events you can always find "the living image" of your lost one here. This is the one place in the world where you are [entirely] safe in losing a dozen at a time if you feel [like] it.

This shop does everything for the busi[ness] man or woman who is too busy to look after [his] or her own mending. Socks, shirts, collars, [ties], underwear, suits, dresses, hats, shoes and [boots] are all repaired here. We don't do [any] washing. We don't [do] ironing. We don't [do] cleaning. We don't [do] pressing. We don't [do] dyeing. We don't [do] anything else but mending.

Mending a Person

For the woman who [has] not the time to look after her own clothes, the Mind-Your-Mending Shop has about half as many when she keeps [them] up herself. Sometimes [the] only time to shop [is] during the luncheon hour, [and] forces the business woman to distraction. As a rule, the women patrons of the Mind-Your-Mending Shop send around a post-[card] ask us that. By morning he called and whispered word that home at the [office] formality, although there are some who [do]. They blush at the thought, so they do them up in a tight ball and tie them tight with string. Those with a brief mod[esty] this shop loves to muddle new garments [by] dress[ing] part and fresh when I have [to] every da[y].

The shop manager made a note. "We'll look about it," she said.

Finally Miss vom Baur solved the problem by inventing the "navelrock," a long, smartly made coat of China silk, which reaches from the chin to the hips. The lawyer looked so chic in it that the shop immediately began to manufacture the "navelrock" by wholesale.

Last week a regular man customer brought in forty-three old-fashioned four-in-hand ties. They were of beautiful material, but out of style. "They are just the patterns and colors I like," he said plaintively, "but my folks won't hear of my wearing them any more." Those old four-in-hands were promptly made over into forty-three nifty little new bow ties which made their owner's eyes sparkle.

They All Wanted to Help

[On] the [ne]xt [to] [ma]ke a present of [a] [wo]rth [to] [a] [fr]iend [on] [her] [bi]rthday, [the] [ma]nager [of] [the] [sh]op [ga]ve [a] [pa]rty [to] [her] [em]ployees.

Every one of the dozen girls in the shop wanted to [be] a friend in securing the [pre]sent. "[Th]e [ma]nager [of] [the] [sh]op [ha]s [a] [fr]agrance [ha]s [pe]rfect all these years. [Fo]r machine work and fifty cents an hour [fo]r work. Which means, you see, [co]nsider as a potential millionaire.

The Mystery at Woodford's

Continued from page 8

He looked up with a curtain slyness. His tone was uninformative.

"I'd like to be there myself to-night."

"Why don't you?"

"I've been there for eleven years."

[Th]e [ma]n [be]hind [her] [le]aned [up] and [sh]ook [his] [he]ad.

"But I don't want to sit here waiting for that thing to limp back."

"You're straight, Mr. McHugh, aren't you?" [I] [pu]t [it] [to] [him].

"I'll like to be there, he answered. "I need Robert anyway. I wish he was here now."

[He] [ma]de [a] [mo]tion [of] [wa]rning. "Quiet [a] [mo]ment. [I] [th]ink [I] [ca]n [he]ar [so]mebody's trying to make a fool of you as well as us, you'll find me a strong [ad]vocate [of] [ma]rriage."

Mr. McHugh held up his hand.

"[Th]ere's [so]mebody [at] [the] [do]or," McHugh grunted.

"You look [M]cHugh [sa]id [wo]rn [to] [a] [fr]azzle. [I] [ne]ver [sa]w [you] [mo]re upset than Josiah."

"It does worry me," Quaile answered. [He] [ha]d [be]come [so] [ac]customed [to] [th]e [ma]n [in] [th]e [ch]air [th]at [he] [ha]d [be]gun to [re]gard [him] [as] [a] [pa]rt [of] [th]e [ho]use. [Mc]Hugh's [ha]nd [wa]s [on] [th]e [ba]ck [of] [th]e [ch]air. [He] [ha]d [be]gun to [re]gard [him] [as] [a] [pa]rt [of] [th]e [ho]use. [I] [wa]nt [to] [ha]ve [th]e [ma]n [ba]ck [in] [th]e [ch]air. [He] [ha]d [be]gun to [re]gard [him] [as] [a] [pa]rt [of] [th]e [ho]use. [I] [wa]nt [to] [ha]ve [th]e [ma]n [ba]ck [in] [th]e [ch]air.

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you this morning, and to-night the cat is closer."

She looked swiftly around.

"As close as the day Mr. Carlton died."

McHugh flung up his hands, but behind his bluster Quaile saw the real extent to which his anxiety had been spurred.

"Shut up, Dolly, and get to your dressing-room. Mike, do as I tell you! Back to your door."

Dolly went, with extreme unwillingness, her eyes searching, searching.

McHugh met Mike's appealing glance with an angry wave of his hand.

"It's taking too big chances," Quaile said, when the property-man had gone.

"Maybe so; but I got to take them."

"How did Mike see the—the thing?"

"It was when he came down to open up," McHugh explained. "He says he saw the thing like what you saw come out of Woodford's old dressing-room between the stage-door and the passage.

"And Woodford's dressing-room?" Quaile said. "Surely you haven't put Wilkins there?"

McHugh glared.

"Certainly not. Wilkins is where he dressed the night we took the pictures. Dolly and Barbara were together that night, but now I've made them all comfortable."

Quaile could guess the point of McHugh's circuitous announcement.

"You mean?"

McHugh cleared his throat.

"That I've assigned Barbara to Woodford's old room."

Quaile flushed, tempted to take issue with the manager on that arrangement.

"You think it safe, McHugh?"

"Why not? Nothing's been after Barbara but you, that I know of."

It wasn't easy for Quaile to press the point. His recollection of Barbara hidden in the Bunco house smothered his resentment. He tried to speak indifferently:

"Is she here yet?"

McHugh's frown was sufficient answer. He glanced at his watch.

"Quarter of eight. If that girl throws me down—"

HE snapped the case shut.

"I thought you might know something about her movements, you're so darned friendly with her."

"I know nothing," Quaile said.

"Don't you suppose she understands," McHugh asked fiercely, "that if she fails me I'm beaten?"

"You mean," Quaile asked with dry lips, "that you would accept that as the final proof against her?"

McHugh's tone was ugly:

"I usually mean just about what I say."

He crossed the stage in the direction of Wilkins' dressing-room. Quaile deliberately chose the other side, and walked toward the alley door. He was glad to leave McHugh. He paced rapidly among the new litter of scenery.

He clenched his hands. Perhaps Barbara had not left the Bunco house unobserved. Suppose Robert, Josiah, or the butler had discovered her and had turned her over, as those men would, to the authorities for punishment? Lashed by this fear, he strode to the stage-door.

"Mike," he said, "you're sure you've had no word from Miss Morgan?"

Mike glanced from the door.

"Who's that coming now, sir?"

Quaile stepped out. A furtive figure had entered the mouth of the alley. Although the place was very dark, the figure clung to the thicker obscurity of the theater wall. It approached slowly. Once or twice, Quaile thought, it stopped altogether. Mike drew back.

"I think, sir, it is Miss Morgan."

Quaile turned away, not wishing to believe, yet convinced that Mike was right. She came up, breathing as if she had been running. He spoke to her gently, but she seemed not to hear. As she hurried through the stage entrance he saw that she was dressed exactly as he had last seen her in her hiding-place at the Bunces'.

"You got out," he whispered, close to her.

McHugh slipped from behind a piece of scenery. To all appearances, he had been waiting as anxiously as Quaile. Barbara stepped back.

"Maybe better late than never," McHugh grumbled. "You hustle, Barbara, or you'll hold the show up."

She bowed her head. Quaile scarcely caught her voice.

"I can't go on, Mr. McHugh."

"The devil you can't!"

"I can't—I can't!" she repeated dully.

She seemed exhausted. She grasped the door-knob of Woodford's dressing-room. She leaned wearily against it.

McHugh didn't disguise his temper.

"You cut that temperamental stuff," he cried, "and get in your clothes, or you'll never play on Broadway again; and that's only the beginning of what will happen to you."

"Don't, McHugh," Quaile begged.

"I can't blame him," Barbara said, "but it makes no difference. I won't go on with it."

"Maybe you'll tell us why?" McHugh sneered.

For the first time, she looked directly at him.

"Because I'm afraid."

"What of?"

"Of this place," she whispered. "Of the thoughts—of the ghosts in this place."

The dead level of her tone, which expressed an absolute sincerity, shocked Quaile. He drew McHugh to one side.

"Keep quiet," he said, "and let me talk to her alone. I may change her mind."

McHugh's jaw receded; his flush died away.

"Do that, Quaile, and we'll forget the harsh words all around. Wish I knew what was going on between you two."

"It's of small consequence now," Quaile said, and went slowly back to Barbara.

"What is it you wish?" she asked. "You won't be long? I want to go home. I want to get away from this place!"

"You must stay."

"Oh, no," she said; "I shall not stay."

"The future means nothing to you?" he asked.

She laughed harshly.

"The future! That amounts to very little. It's the present I'm afraid of."

"You mean—"

"The shadows here, and what has happened on that stage; and what may happen again."

"Yet you say you know nothing about it. Then you will do this for my sake."

Slowly she shook her head.

"It was you," he said, "who didn't tell the truth last night."

She turned away.

"There's no use talking of that. We must never talk of that again."

He failed to hide his bitterness.

"Leave me out of it. Think of yourself, Barbara, you are going on to-night, and, if we rehearse that scene without another tragedy, you are going on for the opening to-morrow night."

She stammered:

"You—you're commanding me!"

"Since there's no other way."

She cried out angrily:

"And I refuse."

He spread his hands.

"Your refusal sends me to McHugh. A man has died. Another is threatened. I must give what information I can."

Her lips parted.

"You'd tell him—"

"About your secret presence at the Bunces' this afternoon; if necessary, about that hidden thing that screamed in your house last night. You force me to it."

HIS words might have had a tangible power. They repelled her, step by step.

"You sha'n't," she breathed.

"You mean you'll go on?"

She shuddered.

"I tell you, I'm afraid. You wouldn't make me go on?"

His victory was less palatable than defeat would have been.

"McHugh!" he called hoarsely.

There was a stir at the rear. The manager hastened toward them.

"I hate you," she said. "I hate you!"

Her laughter had the quality of a sob.

"And they want me to invite tragedy—on the stage."

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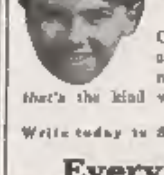

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"Well?" McHugh asked, coming up. Quaile looked away.

"She will tell you."

"What's the word, Barbara?"

Quaile would not glance back. He wouldn't face again her fear and her uncertainty. He heard her speak. He had not realised how vital her answer had become to him.

"I'm going on, Mr. McHugh."

McHugh exploded joyously.

"Good girl! I knew you'd come to your senses. You'll be a Mrs. Siddons yet."

She spoke through chattering teeth:

"In which dressing-room did my maid leave my things?"

"I've put you," McHugh answered, "in Woodford's dressing-room."

She stiffened. She raised her hands defensively.

"You won't make me go there!"

McHugh touched the faded gilt star on one of the panels.

"Say, you're hard to please. I'm giving you the star dressing-room. Actresses cry for it."

"Woodford's room!" she murmured.

"Sure. Wasn't he a star? No more talk, now; we're losing time."

McHugh's stubborn manner told Quaile that he had a subtle purpose in forcing the girl to use that cheerless room.

"There are plenty of places upstairs," she said.

McHughfrowned. "They're not ready."

He opened the door and stepped past her into the blackness of the little room. Quaile heard a click, and light flashed on stained and desolate walls. The only signs of occupancy were a number of bottles and boxes on the table, and Barbara's clothes, arranged by the maid in the closet of which the door stood half open.

She glanced in once. Holding her breath, she crossed the threshold.

"After all," she whispered, "what difference does it make?"

She closed the door.

McHUGH turned to Quaile, about to question, perhaps to accuse. Quaile could not face that now. Before the manager could speak, he had slipped into the passage. He hurried through, aware of a new, strange humming sound that echoed in the narrow space. But the memory of the last words Barbara had addressed directly to him filled his ears. "I hate you," she had said. "I hate you!" Yet he had guided his course by the single beacon of her welfare.

As he stepped into the auditorium, the explanation of the new sound challenged him to a saner mind. At last a small audience had collected in Woodford's. There were managers or their representatives, critics, friends of McHugh's and the company's, a group that held itself aloof and to which Quaile was attracted by one or two nods of welcome.

Robert Dunce was in the midst of the group. Probably he had brought these people, for they were wealthy, of assured social position. With their evening dress and their laughing chatter, they gave an added touch of cheerfulness to the auditorium.

Quaile went over and spoke to the few he knew. Robert shook his hand, impressed, no doubt, by his acquaintance with friends of his own.

"Well, young man," he said pleasantly, "things are normal enough out here. How about the mystic regions back?"

"I wouldn't venture to prophesy," Quaile answered.

Robert glanced around retrospectively.

"Many, many years since I've seen a dress rehearsal here. Not a rehearsal, I believe, since Woodford's last revival of this play. My Lord! Am I that old?"

"I've read about it," one of the women cried. "Woodford fell dead in the third act."

Robert put his finger on his lips.

"Sh-h, my dear. Mustn't recall unpleasant memories to-night. I was no older than you when that happened. You know, Mr. Quaile, my brother was tempted to leave his shell. He would have appreciated this. I must say, it surprises me to see how much life there is in the old place."

Quaile turned at a quiet footfall behind him. Tommy approached the group.

"The boss wants you, Mr. Quaile," said Tommy. "We're nearly ready, back there. I'm going to give 'em the first call in a jiffy."

Quaile excused himself and followed Tommy down the aisle and through the passage. McHugh and Joyce waited for him at the other end. The presence of the psychist added to Quaile's uneasiness.

"You'd better get yourself settled, Joyce," McHugh was saying. "Stay back here or go to the auditorium—anywhere you think you'll be most useful."

Joyce's face was heavy and serious.

"I've done my best with you," he said. "I've told you it is wretchedly unsafe to do that scene. But you're your own master. I'll sit in the box I used the other day, if you don't mind. You think it won't be long now?"

"Not over five or ten minutes."

"Then I'm off."

Quaile regretted the Englishman's departure. It left him, in a sense, at McHugh's mercy, vulnerable to questions for which he had no answers. Nor did McHugh hesitate.

"Why did you rush off?"

"Because I didn't feel like talking."

"You'd better talk now," McHugh snorted. "Seems to me I have a right to know why one of my actresses throws the glove in my face, then turns around and takes water from you."

"You would have aroused the antagonism of a Quaker," Quaile answered, ill at ease. "And, as you've guessed yourself, there was more reason why Miss Morgan should have listened to me."

McHugh flushed.

"That means nothing. You know something about that girl you haven't told me."

Quaile laughed outright.

"I can certainly fling those words in your teeth."

"We're going to have it out," McHugh went on. "You'll give up what you know, or—"

A shrill cry from behind the closed door of Woodford's dressing-room cut across the manager's angry words.

"Barbara!" McHugh cried.

As Quaile sprang for the door, he heard Tommy's feet clattering on the iron stairs, his monotonous voice sing-songing the first call. The cry, then, had not penetrated to the other dressing-rooms.

He raised his hand, and, afraid to forecast the response, rapped on the panel beneath the faded star. Through the silence that followed, he heard a gasping sound. There was no other answer.

"Get in," McHugh ordered.

Quaile grasped the knob, turned it, and opened the door on complete darkness. The gasping sound was more audible. He entered, groping through the obscurity.

"Who put out this light?" McHugh roared.

QUAILE heard him stoop and strike a match. The flame glimmered on Barbara. She sat in front of the dressing-table, in the costume of the period of Woodford's youth. Her head had fallen forward. Her difficult breathing persisted. Her right hand hung limply at her side. Immediately she raised it and hid it in the folds of her gown.

McHugh reached up and snapped the control of the electric fixture. There was no response.

"Mike!" he shouted. "Mike!"

The match expired. He struck another one as the property-man paused on the threshold, glancing in with frightened eyes.

"This light's burned out. Get a new bulb here."

Mike refused to enter.

"I put a new globe in this morning," he said.

"It was a frost. Get another double-quick."

Mike turned, shaking his head. Suddenly the room was full of light. The globe burned brightly again.

"The devil!" McHugh muttered. "Go away, Mike. Don't try to argue with me."

He closed the door and advanced

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its course. Now the players were not so sure of their lines. From time to time the voice of Tommy, prompting, reached Quaile. It was clear that the strain increased.

Quaile counted the minutes during the second entr'acte. He watched hypnotically as the curtain rose on the third act. The piece ran quickly toward the big scene. He longed for McHugh's power to stop the play before it should be too late. He had seen Carlton die precisely as Woodford had died. Now Wilkins, for the first time, would follow those directions, would repeat those lines.

It wasn't to be borne. He agreed with Barbara and Dolly. It was like murder to drive Wilkins to that point.

With an effort he restrained his desire to cry out. He recalled McHugh's cleverness. The man must know what he was about.

Wilkins made a brave defense, but the panic against which Joyce had warned him was frequently discernible in his voice and his actions. His control, however, was greater than Carlton's had been. Nevertheless his strength seemed to have evaporated. He was like one who has suffered from a destructive fever.

Dolly's eyes sought again—perpetually sought something she never saw. Barbara's steady watchfulness of Wilkins was no less disturbing. As if her glance included nothing else, she crumbled about the stage, supporting herself when she could against pieces of furniture, clinging now and then to the draperies across the doors.

This increasing apprehension, this unwillingness to proceed, impressed itself upon the audience. Men and women made restless movements, glanced at each other uneasily, commenting in low tones. But more than any one else Joyce appeared moved. He was bent far forward over the railing of the box. His fingers were white and tense against the red velvet. His glance was absorbed by Wilkins.

ALMOST before Quaile realized it, the company, for the first time since Carlton's death, had entered that tragic scene. It was the genuine anguish of Barbara's denunciation that aroused him. As Wilkins strode to the mantelpiece and snatched up the heavy candlestick, his gesture had the abandonment of a blind despair. Dolly screamed her line:

"Marjorie! Look out!"

Quaile started from his chair. The cry had the broken ring of a dreadful sincerity. Its warning was for Wilkins rather than for the girl.

Barbara, however, continued with the directions Quaile had copied from Woodford's yellow script. She backed to the wall, raising her hands against Wilkins. Her gasping voice scarcely carried across the footlights:

"Be careful! What are you going to do to me?"

Wilkins turned, lifting the candlestick, about to spring for her. His open mouth had an appearance of gaping wonder. The line, which death had forbidden two men to speak, started from his lips in a hoarse whisper:

"Pay what debts I can. Kill you, if the strength—"

The candlestick slipped from his fingers and clattered on the boards. His whisper failed. He crumpled and fell to the stage, without a cry, without a saving gesture.

Quaile, half way down the aisle, paused, crushed by the sudden blackness that descended upon the house. And through this rapid and unexpected night tore screams and the incoherent movements of panic. But, above it all, from the stage he could hear the measured beat of limping footsteps.

To be continued next week

"I Have a Few Hundred Dollars"

By ALBERT W. ATWOOD

I have a few hundred dollars to invest. Can you give me a list of good $100 bonds of electric light and power companies which are available?

ONE of the most difficult features about investing money is to know just what to buy when you have saved the money and made up your mind to invest it. There are thousands of bonds and stocks, and even the experienced business man hardly knows how to choose among them. This is where the skilful bond salesman comes in. A little persuasion at the right moment has great weight with a person who is doubtful and puzzled by a multiplicity of offerings and possibilities. But most investors would rather not be too much persuaded by interested parties.

Many readers of this magazine are not satisfied with general suggestions as to what class of securities to buy. They want to know exactly which stocks or bonds to decide upon. Of course, it is desirable for investors to learn to act upon their own initiative and learn the difference between a sound and a questionable offering. But, at the same time, it is possible to name in this article quite a number of $100 bonds that are regarded as safe.

The reader must remember that the prices quoted are subject to change, and that dealers who have a supply of bonds this month or week or day may be out of them later on.

A Good $100 Bond

A LIST of good $100 bonds is given on page 8 of "Making Your Money Work for You" which will be sent on request and 2 cents in stamps. An excellent $100 bond not mentioned in that list is the American Telephone & Telegraph collateral trust 4 per cent. It may be bought for $82, and comes due in thirteen years, which is neither too long nor too short a time for a bond to run. This works out nearly 5 per cent. on one's money, and there is probably no bond easier to sell at any time. The company owns the Bell Telephone lines, and pays 8 annual dividends on $400,000,000 of stock. After meeting the interest on its bonds there is no question as to their

[illegible] been a considerable increase [illegible] of $100 bonds in the last [illegible] because of the forced return [illegible] American securities from [illegible] quarter has enjoyed [illegible] bonds [illegible] now cost $10[illegible]

from the same cause. Any one who wants an absolutely safe bond to pay $20 a year had better purchase an Atchison adjustment at about $425. Not only is there no flaw in its safety, but it is the sort of bond that can always be sold or borrowed upon anywhere.

Another telephone bond is the Potomac Telephone Company of Virginia first mortgage 5 per cent. This is part of the American Telephone system, and the bond is quoted at this writing at $98.75 for a $100 issue. None of the bonds I have yet mentioned are those of electric light or power companies.

One of the strongest of the big holding companies owning light and power plants is the American Gas & Electric Company. It has an issue of bonds obtainable in $100 units. They are not secured by a mortgage, but even the stock of the company is highly considered. The bonds pay around 5½ per cent. Another strong company, the American Power & Light, also has $100 bonds that pay well. Still other large and well known companies, like the United Light & Railways and the Wisconsin Edison Company, have $100 bonds to pay practically 6 per cent. As a rule, to obtain as high as 6 per cent. on a light and power company bond, one must invest in a company newly formed or in a Southern or Southwestern State, or where the bond is not an absolute first mortgage. A large number of companies operating in the Southwest especially have issued small bonds to pay 6 per cent., and these companies seem to be prosperous. It is difficult to give a list of such companies without appearing to discriminate too much, and so it seems better in this article to speak chiefly of larger and better known companies.

Three very well known companies engaged in manufacturing that have $100 bonds are the General Electric, New York Air Brake and Lackawanna Steel. The first named has long been one of the strongest corporations in this country. Its bond could be safer than its 3½ per cent. debentures, to be had in $100 pieces. These cost about $82, at which price the percentage return is around 4½. The other two companies are exceedingly prosperous at the present time with war orders, and in any case their bonds would hardly be affected by a cessation of war business. Lackawanna Steel pays 8% on a bond that costs about $94, and the New York Air Brake Company pays 8 a year on bonds [illegible] now cost $10[illegible] is a test as to whether the bond is salable, and you don't want to buy a bond that no one will buy from you in case of need.

Free Booklets that You May Have for the Asking

Arrangements have been made by which any reader mentioning this magazine may have any or all of the following booklets on request:

Wm. Shillard & Co., 40 Exchange Place, New York, for booklet explaining "The Timely Purchase Plan," which explains how to buy bonds, New York Stock Exchange, Curb Market, and secure unlisted securities, with a small initial deposit, followed by convenient monthly payments. Ask for Booklet S-E, including statistical book on 20 select stocks.

The partial payment method of saving and investing is conservatively explained in Booklet L-E, issued by Partial Payment Department, which will be sent by any applicant by Sheldon, Morgan & Co., members New York Stock Exchange, 42 Broadway, New York. The firm also offers to supply information about any security.

The bond market at the present time offers possibilities for abundantly sound investment at from 5 to 6 per cent. interest rates, and prospects for appreciation as values. In their booklet "Safe," E. F. Hutton & Co., successors to Boyd & Co., 222 Woodward Ave., Detroit, explain a practical plan for the purchase of investment bonds in denominations of $100, $500 and $1000 which enables investors to take advantage of current prices without increasing the cost of the bonds.

The Citizens Saving & Trust Co., of Cleveland, Ohio, will forward to our readers, upon request, Booklet P, which contains some very interesting information on banking by mail.

Trade Goods, timely comment on finance, especially reflecting the point of view of the small investor, is the publication of The Odd Lot Review published weekly. A sample copy will be sent on application to The Publishers, 61 Broadway, New York City.

Baruch Brothers, members New York Stock Exchange, 60 Broadway, New York, have issued an explanation to investors on interesting booklet on Odd Lots which outlines their Partial Payment Plan.

A Market Digest which reviews the important changes in the high-grade Oil stocks and describes an opinion market has been issued by a firm of specialists in Oils. Address S. Nicholls & Co., Dept. E. W., 61 Broadway, New York.

Are you interested in Car Motor Stocks? Send to L. R. Latrobe & Co., 115 Broadway, New York City, for their Booklet E. E. 6. This firm also has a Partial Payment Plan for the purchase of all Curb and Stock Exchange Securities, which they will send on request.

An investor's Idler entitled "Questions and Answers," on securities is issued for free distribution by J. Frank Howell, 50 Broadway, New York. Write for your copy of this handy folder, E. W. 10.

"What to Do with $50" is the title of a booklet on Sensible Saving. It shows how quickly money accumulates when used to buy bonds on the instalment plan. The bonds are kept in a safe-deposit vault for the purchaser, who receives the coupons as they mature. Write to F. B. Brooks & Company, Dept. 19, 115 Broadway, New York City.

Public utility bonds are commanding a good deal of attention. Williams, Troth & Coleman, Investment Securities, 60 Wall Street, New York, offer public utility preferred stocks yielding liberal rates, and common stocks with enhancement possibilities. This offering is outlined in "Current Letter B," a copy of which will be supplied on written request by the advertising firm.

Dawson, Lyon & Co., 43 Wall Street, New York, have recently opened an investment department, and will send, upon request, a circular describing a few carefully selected mortgage bonds and preferred stocks yielding from 5.60 to 7¾ per cent. This firm has in several years had a decrease in all unlisted securities.

Mr. Atwood will be glad to receive requests for [illegible] Letter, New York City, enclosing a stamped envelope.

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Don't Live in the Kitchen

Intelligent regard for the health and happiness of the family has led to a closer study of foods and hygiene—and this has made the kitchen a brighter place than it used to be. But you don't want to live in the kitchen. Serve

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